

### Zehnder Silvertop



Installation, Service and User Manual

always the best climate





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### Legal regulations

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### Zehnder manufacturer's warranty

The current device terms are available online

( https://www.caladair.com/en/espace-client/media/sales-terms-and-conditions).

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### Safety notes

In accordance with the regulations in force, the installation and maintenance of the equipment must only be carried out by technically qualified personnel authorised for this type of equipment and work.

Use the necessary Personal Protective Equipment to avoid injury from electrical, mechanical (injuries from contact with metal sheets, sharp edges, etc.) and acoustic hazards.

Do not use the appliance for any purpose other than that for which it is designed. This device may only be used to convey air free of hazardous compounds, construction dust, etc.

Move the device as described in the chapter on handling.

Grounding must be done in accordance with the applicable standards. Never switch on an ungrounded appliance.

Before carrying out any work, make sure that the equipment is switched off and wait for the moving parts of the ventilation unit to come to a complete stop before opening the doors, panels and access hatches.

During operation, inspection and service panels, doors and hatches must always be fitted and closed.

The appliance can only be switched on and off via the isolator switch.

The safety and control equipment must not be removed, short-circuited or disabled.

The installation must comply with fire safety regulations.

All waste produced must be handled in accordance with the regulations in force.

It is the responsibility of the installer of the equipment to ensure compliance with the regulations concerning noise emissions inside the building and to adapt the installation and location conditions if necessary.

We accept no liability for damage resulting from misuse of the equipment, unauthorised repair or modification or failure to observe these instructions.

### 1. Technical specifications

### 1.1. Electrical performance data

|  |                                   |                 |                    |                          | FIRST, PRI<br>and SE      | EMIUM BC               |                                 | E BC and<br>ART        | PREMI                     | UM BE                  | INFINITE BE                     |                        |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Model<br>Zehnder<br>Zehnder<br>Silvertop | Power<br>Electric<br>motor<br>(W) | Operating temp. | Protection<br>type | Thermal insulation class | Nominal voltage (V/Ph/Hz) | Electrical consumption | Nominal<br>voltage<br>(V/Ph/Hz) | Electrical consumption | Nominal voltage (V/Ph/Hz) | Electrical consumption | Nominal<br>voltage<br>(V/Ph/Hz) | Electrical consumption |
| 06                                       | 2 x 169                           | -20 / 60        | IP54/B             | ITP                      | 230/1/50                  | 3.4                    | 230/1/50                        | 8.8                    | 230/1/50                  | 8.8                    | 230/1/50                        | 14.2                   |
| 08                                       | 2 x 170                           | -20 / 60        | IP54/B             | ITP                      | 230/1/50                  | 4.0                    | 230/1/50                        | 14.8                   | 230/1/50                  | 14.8                   | 230/1/50                        | 25.7                   |
| 15                                       | 2 x 480                           | -20 / 40        | IP54/B             | ITP                      | 230/1/50                  | 4.9                    | 400/3+N/50                      | 9.7                    | 230/1/50                  | 21.2                   | 400/3+N/50                      | 15.1                   |
| 23                                       | 2 x 750                           | -20 / 40        | IP54/B             | ITP                      | 230/1/50                  | 7.2                    | 400/3+N/50                      | 13.0                   | 400/3+N/50                | 13.0                   | 400/3+N/50                      | 22.8                   |
| 35                                       | 2 x 1000                          | -20 / 50        | IP54/B             | ITP                      | 400/3+N/50                | 3.8                    | 400/3+N/50                      | 21.2                   | 400/3+N/50                | 19.0                   | 400/3+N/50                      | 36.3                   |
| 52                                       | 2 x 1700                          | -20 / 40        | IP54/B             | ITP                      | 400/3+N/50                | 5.8                    | 400/3+N/50                      | 27.4                   | 400/3+N/50                | 23.1                   | 400/3+N/50                      | 44.7                   |

<sup>\*</sup> ITP: integrated thermal protection

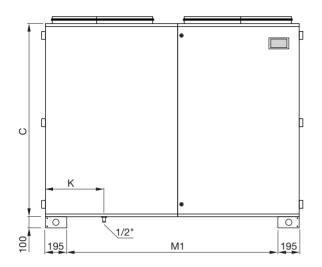
### 1.2. Dimensional data

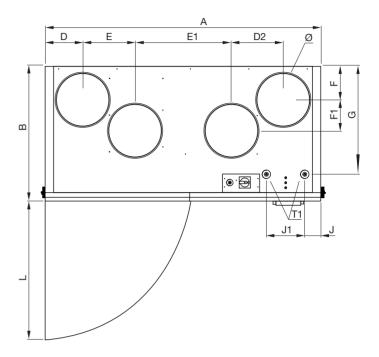
| Model |     | A    | B    | C    | D<br>mm | D1  | D2<br>mm | E   | E1  | E2  | F   | F1  | G    | J   | J1  | K   | L    | M1   | M2  | M3  |      | SMART |     | PREMIUM<br>INFINITE<br>kg |
|-------|-----|------|------|------|---------|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|------|-------|-----|---------------------------|
| 06    | 200 | 1105 | 570  | 1040 | 145     | -   |          | 225 | 365 | 225 | 135 | 150 | 385  | 75  | 130 | 265 | 545  | 720  | -   | -   | 1/ 2 | 175   | 180 | 185                       |
| 08    | 250 | 1265 | 700  | 1150 | 170     | -   | -        | 235 | 415 | 270 | 160 | 225 | 485  | 75  | 180 | 275 | 625  | 880  | -   | -   | 1/ 2 | 250   | 255 | 260                       |
| 15    | 315 | 1590 | 750  | 1200 | 230     | -   | -        | 315 | 500 | 315 | 210 | 190 | 585  | 100 | 230 | 435 | 770  | 1200 | -   | -   | 1/ 2 | 320   | 330 | 335                       |
| 23    | 400 | 1735 | 1065 | 1340 | 270     | -   | -        | 330 | 535 | 330 | 250 | 420 | 765  | 100 | 230 | 440 | 855  | 1350 | -   | -   | 1/ 2 | 490   | 500 | 510                       |
| 35    | 450 | 1950 | 1210 | 1495 | 295     | -   | -        | 340 | 615 | 405 | 280 | 515 | 805  | 100 | 305 | 475 | 960  | -    | 685 | 685 | 1/ 2 | 635   | 650 | 660                       |
| 52    | -   | 2185 | 1520 | 1625 | 70      | 405 | 960      | 140 | 140 | 140 | 50  | 260 | 1115 | 100 | 380 | 525 | 1120 | -    | 760 | 760 | 1    | 875   | 890 | 905                       |

G - J - J1 - T1 for water coil (PREMIUM BC / INFINITE BC)

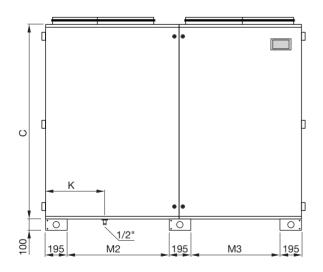
(T1= diameter steel pipe with gas thread)

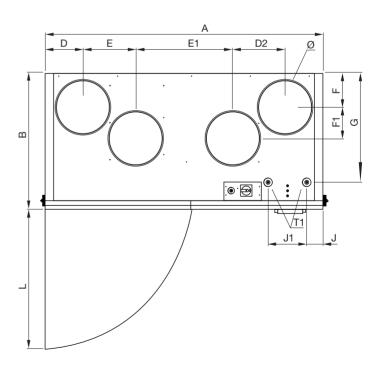
### 1.3. Zehnder Silvertop 06...23



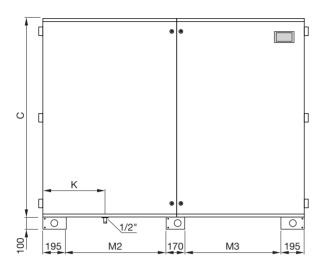


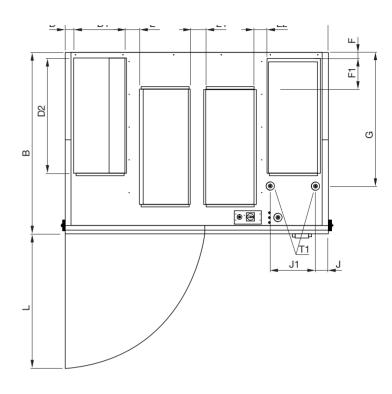
### 1.4. Zehnder Silvertop 35





### 1.5. Zehnder Silvertop 52



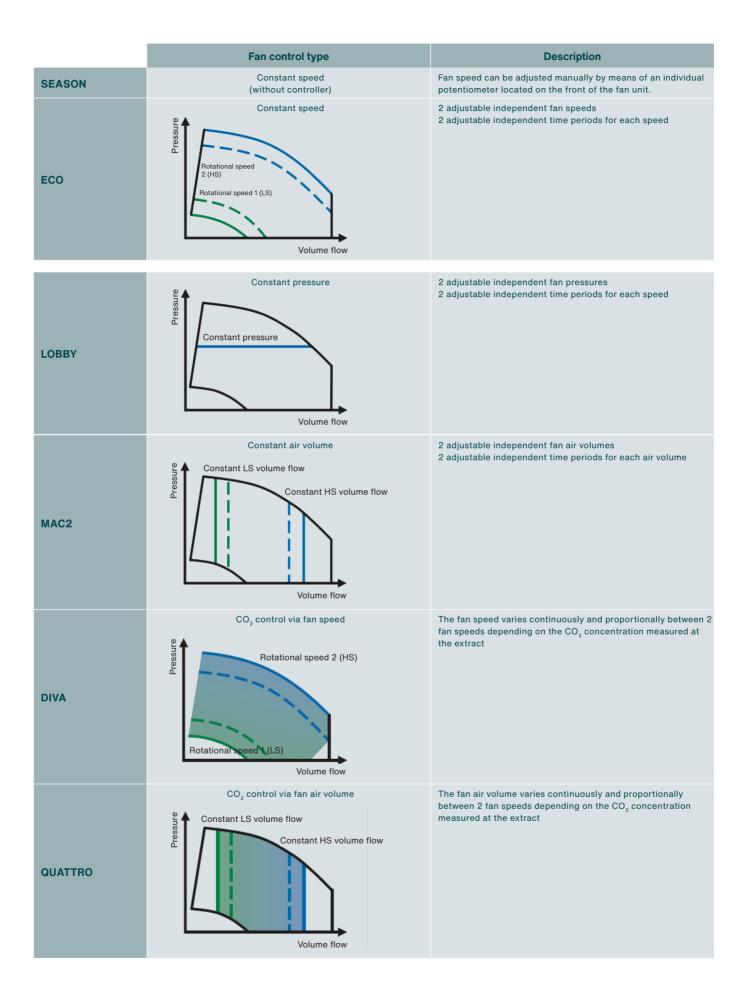


### 2. General

Zehnder Silvertop is a range of high-efficiency, plug & play, compact, single-piece indoor ventilation units. The range is available in 6 sizes to cover unit flows up to 5500m³/h.

It is equipped as standard with the Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller, which provides intelligent ventilation and thermal management (except for the SEASON version, see chapter 18 SEASON CONTROLLER). The Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller is a communicative device (Modbus RTU/TCP or Bacnet MSTP/IP) and has an integrated web server that is compatible with any HTML5 browser. The Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller is described in a separate manual.

|             | Integrated thermal control and equipment |                   |                  |  |  |
|-------------|--|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
|             | Electric defrosting coil EDC             | Hot water coil BC | Electric coil BE |  |  |
|             |  |                   |                  |  |  |
| FIRST       |  |                   |                  |  |  |
| SMART       | ✓  |                   |                  |  |  |
| PREMIUM BC  |  | ✓                 |                  |  |  |
| PREMIUM BE  |  |                   | ✓                |  |  |
| INFINITE BC | ✓  | ✓                 |                  |  |  |
| INFINITE BE | ✓  |                   | ✓                |  |  |



The Zehnder Silvertop range is supplied as standard with a modulating bypass that provides the following functions:

- Protection against icing of the plate heat exchanger
- Management of the thermal recovery rate
- Free cooling
- Night cooling
- Free heating

If you wish to extend the functional capabilities, the Zehnder Silvertop range of ventilation units can be coupled with the optional Combi Box modules, which allow the following coils to be installed in the duct:

- Cold water coil
- Direct expansion coil (hot and/or cold)
- Changeover coil
- Hot water coil (to replace the coil integrated in the unit).

Note: The Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller can only accommodate:

- A heating coil + a cooling coil
- A changeover coil alone.

The Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller cannot accommodate:

- A heating and cooling coil for dehumidification
- A heating coil and a changeover coil.

### 3. Upon receipt of the material

### 3.1. Quality checks

On receipt of the material, check the condition of the packaging and the material, as well as the number of packages. In case of damage, make detailed comments on the carrier's delivery note and inform your supplier immediately.

### 3.2. Unpacking

When unpacking the equipment, check the following points:

- Presence of total number of packages
- Presence of the expected accessories (electrical equipment, sleeves, (external) controls, etc.)

Remove the protective film from the sheets.

After unpacking the material, the waste must be disposed of according to local regulations and standards. No packaging should be released into the environment.

### 3.3. Storage

As long as the unit is not installed and connected to the air distribution network, it must be stored in a sheltered, dry place at a temperature between -20 °C and +40 °C as the packaging is not suitable for storage in bad weather.

### 4. End of service life

Through its membership of the eco-organisation ECOLOGIC, CALADAIR meets the financing obligations for the collection, removal and treatment of waste electrical and electronic equipment.

When installing or uninstalling this equipment, the user or installer can contact the Ecologic company, which will offer a collection solution to dispose of the obsolete product in a suitable way.

Telephone: +33 (0)1 30 57 79 09

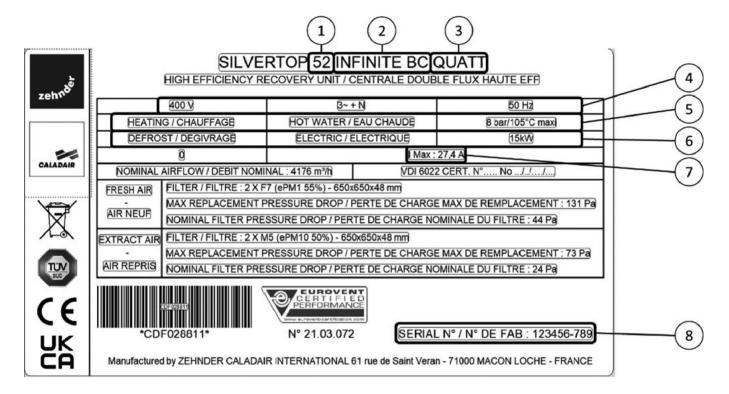
Internet: www.e-dechet.com

### 5. Packaging and packages

The Zehnder Silvertop ventilation unit is delivered mounted on wooden palletes or PCB feet and wrapped in a protective plastic film. The fragile parts are protected by cardboard pieces.

### 6. Identification and labelling

The ventilation unit can be identified by its identification label:



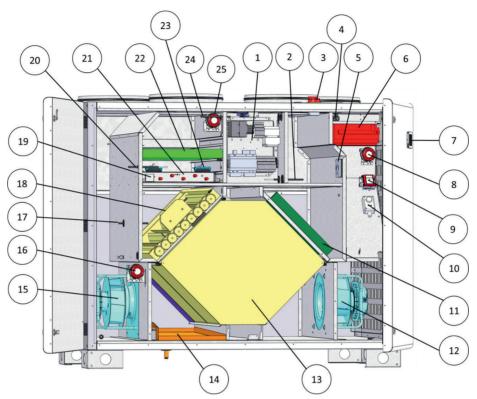
| 1 | Unit size |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|   | 06        |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | 08        |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | 15        | See air performance curves        |  |  |  |  |
|   | 23        | Chapter 19 AIR PERFORMANCE CURVES |  |  |  |  |
|   | 35        |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|   | 52        |                                   |  |  |  |  |

| 2 | Type of control and integrated thermal equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | SEASON   | Fan control via potentiometer and heat recovery control via thermostats (no Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller)                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | FIRST  | Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller without integrated coil  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | SMART  | Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller with integrated electric defrost coil control (EDC)  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | PREMIUM BE                                       | Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller with integrated electric heating coil control (EHC)  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | PREMIUM BC                                       | Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller with integrated hot water heating coil control (BC)  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | INFINITE BE                                      | Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller with control of integrated electric defrosting coil and integrated electric heating coil (EDC + EHC)       |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | INFINITE BC                                      | Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller with control of integrated electric defrost coil and integrated electric hot water heating coil (EDC + BC) |  |  |  |  |  |

| 3 | Fan control type  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | ECO   | Constant speed                                 |  |  |  |  |
|   | LOBBY   | Constant pressure                              |  |  |  |  |
|   | MAC2  | Constant volume                                |  |  |  |  |
|   | DIVA  | CO <sub>2</sub> in variable speed              |  |  |  |  |
|   | QUATTRO   | CO <sub>2</sub> in variable discharge capacity |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Type of power supply  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 400V - 3~ + N - 50 Hz   | Three-phase + Neutral                          |  |  |  |  |
|   | 230V - 1~ - 50 Hz   | Single-phase                                   |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | BE: Effective capacity of the electric heating coil in (kW) BC: Temperature/Max. pressure |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Effective capacity of the electric intake air preheating coil (defrost) in (kW)           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Maximum absorbed current in (A)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Production number to be mentioned in all communication with the supplier                  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 7. Overview and construction

### 7.1. General overview of the unit

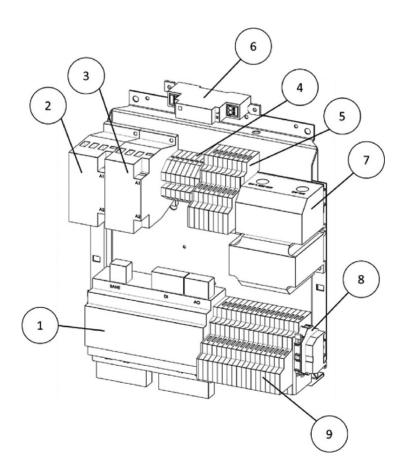


The image may differ from the actual model but the principle of how to position the components remains valid.

|                         |                 | The actual model but the principle of now to position the components remains valid.                   |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Refe-<br>rence<br>point | Designation     | Component   |
| 1                       |                 | Electrical board  |
| 2                       | SRG             | Extract temperature sensor  |
| 3                       |                 | Main power cut-off switch   |
| 4                       | SSG             | Supply temperature sensor   |
| 5                       | CO <sub>2</sub> | CO <sub>2</sub> sensor (DIVA or QUATTRO)  |
| 6                       | BE/BC           | Electric heating coil (PREMIUM BE / INFINITE BE) or hot water heating coil (PREMIUM BC / INFINITE BC) |
| 7                       | PG 5.0          | Local touchscreen control   |
|                         | DEP S           | Pressure control switch for supply air fan (ECO / DIVA)   |
| 8                       | TRP S           | Supply pressure transducer (LOBBY)  |
|                         | TRP S           | Pressure transducer for supply air volume measurement (MAC2 / QUATTRO)                                |
| 9                       | TRP R           | Extract air pressure transducer (LOBBY)   |
| 10                      | THA             | Frost protection thermostat (PREMIUM BC / INFINITE BC)  |
| 10                      | THS             | Overheating safety thermostat for electric heating coil (PREMIUM BE / INFINITE BE)                    |
| 11                      | RF              | Extract filter  |
| 12                      | SAF             | Supply air fan  |
| 13                      | REC             | Plate heat exchanger  |
| 14                      |                 | Plate heat exchanger condensate tray  |

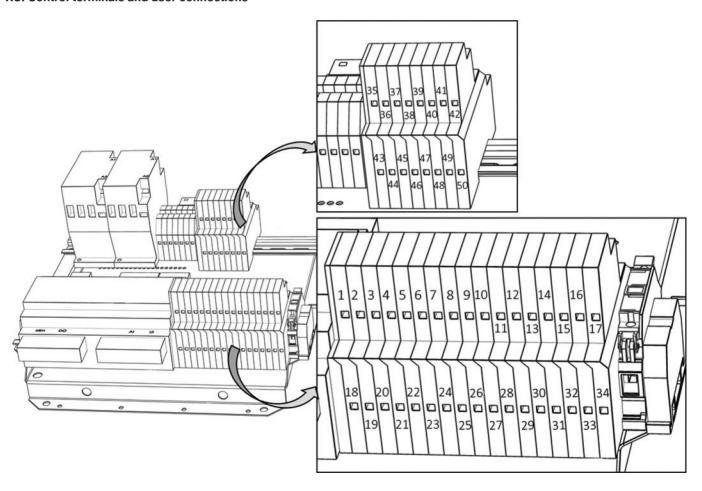
| Refe-<br>rence<br>point | Designation | Component  |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| 15                      | EAF         | Extract air fan  |
| 16                      | DEP R       | Pressure switch for extract fan operation (ECO / DIVA)   |
| 16                      | TRP R       | Pressure transducer for extract air volume measurement (MAC2 / QUATTRO)  |
| 17                      | SBD         | Defrost coil temperature sensor (SMART / INFINITE)   |
| 18                      | BIM         | Bypass register  |
| 19                      |             | Bypass register actuator   |
| 20                      | THSD        | Overheating safety thermostat for electric defrosting coil (intake air preheating for protection against frost) (SMART / INFINITE) |
| 21                      | SDG         | Defrost temperature sensor (exhaust air for bypass management)   |
| 22                      | EDC         | Electric defrosting coil (intake air preheating) (SMART / INFINITE)  |
| 23                      | SF          | Supply filter  |
| 24                      | KS1         | Static relay for defrost coil (EDC)  |
| 25                      | SEG         | Outdoor temperature sensor (intake air)  |
| 26                      | DEP SF      | Pressure switch to control the clogging of the supply filter (intake air)  |

### 7.2. Electrical board



| Refe-<br>rence<br>point | Designation | Component   |
|-------------------------|-------------|---|
| 1                       | CLD-283     | Controller  |
| 2                       | K1          | Electric heating coil (EHC) contact transmitter   |
| 3                       | KD          | Electric defrosting coil contact transmitter (intake air preheating) (EDC)                          |
| 4                       |             | Supply and extract air fan terminals (SAF and EAF)  |
| 5                       |             | Upper control and user terminals (optional), see chapter 7.3 Control terminals and user connections |
| 6                       |             | Power supply transformer 230V AC / 24V DC for local touch control PG 5.0                            |
| 7                       | TRAFO       | Control transformer 230V AC / 24V AC  |
| 8                       |             | Fuse holder terminal 3.15A T  |
| 9                       |             | Lower control and user terminals (optional), see chapter 7.3 Control terminals and user connections |

### 7.3. Control terminals and user connections



| Designation  | Definition  | Terminals                  | Connection   |
|--------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| RFS          | Remote fire stop  | 1-2                        | To be connected to the terminals of an NC contact of the remote fire stop. (Shunt between terminals (1)-(2) at the factory)  |
| ATD          | Autonomous trigger detector   | 3-4                        | To be connected to the ATD fault contact. (Shunt between terminals (3)-(4) at the factory)   |
| тна          | Frost protection<br>thermostat  | 5-6                        | To be connected to terminals (C) and (2) of the THA frost protection thermostat (units in the PREMIUM BC and INFINITE BC versions equipped with a hot coil BC) Shunt between terminals (5)-(6) at the factory (FIRST/SMART)              |
| THS          | Safety thermostat   | 5-6                        | To be connected to terminals (C) and (2) of the THS safety thermostat (units in the PREMIUM BE and INFINITE BE versions equipped with an electric heating coil) Shunt between terminals (5)-(6) at the factory (FIRST/SMART)             |
| Zehnder EDT2 | Power supply +24V DC<br>Zehnder EDT2 room touch<br>control                  | 7-8                        | To be connected to the (N) and (+24V) terminals of the Zehnder EDT2 room touch control respectively (observe polarity).  |
| LS RO        | Low-speed remote order  | 9-10                       | To be connected to an external NO (normally open) contact  |
| HS RO        | Low-speed remote order  | 11-12                      | To be connected to an external NO (normally open) contact  |
| ARR EXT      | External stop   | 13-14                      | To be connected to an external NO (normally open) contact  |
| V3V BC       | 3-way valve Hot water heating coil  | 15-16-17                   | To be connected to the modulating 3-way valve of the hot water coil (see chapter 10.1 Remote hot water coil)   |
| HEATING NEED | Hot water heating coil pump   | 18 + DO3 of the controller | To be connected to the ON/OFF switch of the hot water circulator (Attention: 24V AC output to be relayed) see chapter 10.1 Remote hot water coil   |
| COOLING NEED | Cold water cooling coil pump  | 19 + DO4 of the controller | To be connected to the ON/OFF switch of the cold water circulator (Attention 24V AC output to be relayed) (see chapter 10.2 Remote cold water coil)  |
| AL           | Alarm reporting   | 20 + DO5 of the controller | 24V output available if the unit is faulty (Attention 24V AC output to be relayed)   |
| NC<br>Night  | Night cooling   | 22 + DO7 of the controller | 24V output available if the unit is linked to the LOBBY EC option for opening the terminal registers during night cooling. (Attention 24V AC output to be relayed)   |
| V3V BF       | 3-way valve Cooling coil  | 28-29-30                   | To be connected to the 3-way valve of the cold water coil (see chapter 10.2 Remote cold water coil)  |
| MSR          | Motorised supply register   | 35 + DO1 of the controller | To be connected to terminals (1) and (2) of the motorised supply air register  |
| MER          | Motorised exhaust register  | 36 + DO2 of the controller | To be connected to terminals (1) and (2) of the motorised extract air register   |
| THSD         | Overheating safety<br>thermostat for electric<br>intake air preheating coil | 44-45                      | To be connected to terminals (C) and (2) of the overheating THSD safety thermostat (units in the SMART and INFINITE versions equipped with an electric preheating coil) Shunt between terminals (44)-(45) at the factory (FIRST/PREMIUM) |

### 8. Installation

### 8.1. Handling

The ventilation unit may only be transported in its installation position.

If the product is handled by a forklift truck, ensure that the truck supports the load-bearing structure. Adapt the choice of handling equipment to the weight of the equipment received (refer to the weight given at the beginning of the document).

If the unit is transported by crane, use a lifting beam and strap the product to keep it in the transport position.

Pay particular attention when placing the product on the ground in order to avoid any impact that could damage the structure and integrity of the product.

### 8.2. Setting up

The Zehnder Silvertop unit has no roof and should only be installed indoors or sheltered from the weather.

The unit must be placed on supports on a sufficiently rigid surface, if necessary using anti-vibration and adjustable pads to adjust the evenness and prevent the structure from deforming.

In general, install the unit in such a way that weather or ambient temperature cannot damage the internal components of the unit during setup and operation.

### 8.3. Installation of filter clogging control manometers

As an option, the ventilation unit can be equipped with (Caladair reference: OPT004223) an air filter pressure drop control kit comprising:

- 1 graduated liquid column manometer to be filled on site (measuring range 0-1000 Pa)
- 1 container of coloured filling liquid
- 2 pressure taps
- 1m transparent crystal connecting tube
- Small items (screws, brackets).

Allow 1 kit per filter to be fitted.

The installation of all components is the responsibility of the installer.

The panels that support the pressure measurement points and the measuring device are pre-drilled at the factory for easy installation.

| Step | Description  | Details |
|------|--|---------|
| 1    | Visually locate the 2 holes (C) pre-drilled in the factory on the inner casing of the 2 doors and drill the 2 sheets forming the double casing (double skin) on either side to a diameter of 10mm using a drill bit suitable for drilling sheet metal (e.g. stepped drill bit).  Sweep or vacuum the shavings to prevent them from entering the liquid column manometer and the fan unit when refitting. | · V     |

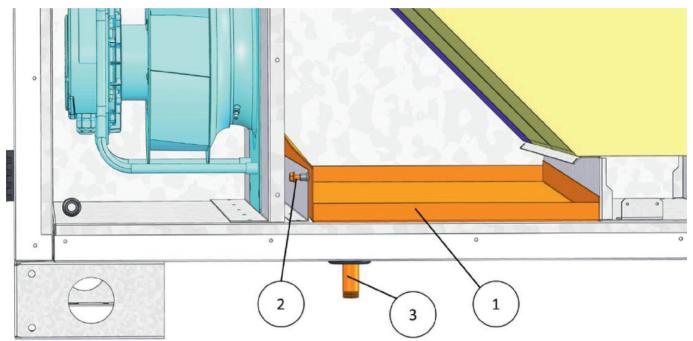
| Step | Description  | Details   |
|------|--|---|
| 2    | Pre-position the pressure measurement device on the outside of the doors, centred and below the level of the 2 pressure taps and secure it with the screws provided. Ensure that the measuring device is vertical and at a sufficient distance (180mm) from the pressure measurement taps to avoid squeezing the crystal tube.   | 380mm   |
| 3    | Pre-position the 2 pressure measurement taps on the external face of the panels in the holes previously made.  |   |
| 4    | Connect the pressure measurement taps to the measuring device using the transparent crystal tube, taking into account the (+) and (-) terminals. Adjust the length so that there is no risk of the crystal tube bending, which could affect the measurement.  The pressure connection upstream of the filter in the air flow direction is connected to the pressure tap (+) of the liquid manometer.  The pressure connection downstream of the filter is connected to the pressure tap (-) of the liquid manometer. |   |
| 5    | Close the doors and check that the intern part of the unit. Trim the tap slightly if ned   | al tapping of the pressure taps do not come into contact with any internal cessary. |
| 6    | <ul> <li>Fill the manometers using the container provided:</li> <li>Unscrew the left-hand connector (-)</li> <li>Slowly pour in the liquid to the zero mark</li> <li>Refit the connector (firm but moderate tightening)</li> <li>If necessary, adjust the position of the graduated ruler to adjust the zero point.</li> <li>Keep the rest of the container for possible future refilling.</li> </ul>  |   |
| 7    | Switch on the ventilation unit and check t   | he tightness of the whole device installed previously.                              |
| 8    | Check that the manometer is working properly and that the transparent crystal tubes are correctly positioned: the indicated pressure drop must be positive but must not exceed the values indicated in chapter 14.1 Connection and setting of the filter control pressure switch.  |   |

### 8.4. Installation of the plate heat exchanger syphon



Non-compliance with the installation rules for condensate syphons can lead to the condensate tray overflowing and to internal flooding of the ventilation unit, which can result in damage to the equipment, malfunctions and danger to personnel.

The condensate drain tap provided in the unit has a G 1/2" male connection (see chapter 1.2 Dimensional data).



The condensate tray (1) is shown in its final position.

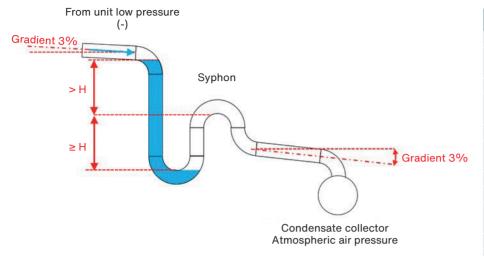
Manually lift the condensate tray (1) to remove the screw (2) in the guide. Then cut the grommet on the underside to allow the connection tube (3) to be positioned below the unit as shown in the photo above, taking care not to damage the grommet which acts as a seal.

Connect a syphon for the exchanger's condensate.

The syphon must always be filled with water in order for it to work. The syphon must be filled when the ventilation unit is started up for the first time, and it may be necessary to manually fill the syphon from inside the central ventilation unit after a long period without condensation.

Provide a separate syphon on each condensate drain hose. The same syphon cannot be used for several drains.

Make sure that the syphon device is perfectly sealed with the connection tap provided in the central ventilation unit in order to prevent any external air from being drawn in.



| Vacuum (Pa)  | H (mm)     |
|--------------|------------|
| 100          | 10         |
| 200<br>300   | 20<br>30   |
| 400          | 40         |
| 500<br>600   | 50<br>60   |
| 700          | 70         |
| 800<br>900   | 80<br>90   |
| 1000         | 100        |
| 1100         | 110        |
| 1200<br>1300 | 120<br>130 |
| 1400         | 140        |
| 1500         | 150        |

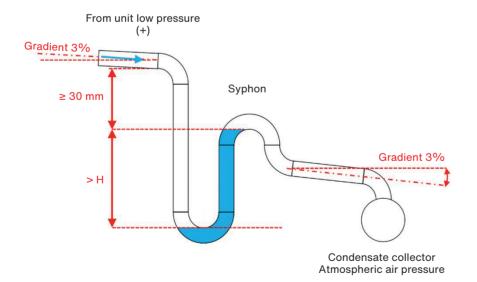
The height H depends on the maximum vacuum. If there are no space constraints, a height of H = 120mm can be used for all applications. The installation of a syphon with an integrated non-return device (ball, spout, damper, etc.) means that this minimum height constraint is not necessary.

Ensure that there is a 2-3% gradient towards the condensate drain to drain off the condensate and that the collector is neither under- nor over-pressurised.

### 8.5. Installation of the remote coil syphon

The requirements of chapter 8.4 Installation of the plate heat exchanger syphon apply.

Unlike the condensate drain of the plate heat exchanger, which is under low pressure relative to atmospheric pressure, the drain of the remote coil is under overpressure relative to atmospheric pressure, which requires a different syphon height.



| Pressure (Pa) | H (mm) |
|---------------|--------|
| 100           | 10     |
| 200           | 20     |
| 300           | 30     |
| 400           | 40     |
| 500           | 50     |
| 600           | 60     |
| 700           | 70     |
| 800           | 80     |
| 900           | 90     |
| 1000          | 100    |
| 1100          | 110    |
| 1200          | 120    |
| 1300          | 130    |
| 1400          | 140    |
| 1500          | 150    |

The height H depends on the maximum downstream pressure of the remote coil. If there are no space constraints, a height of H = 120mm can be used for all applications.

Ensure that there is a 2-3% gradient towards the condensate drain to drain off the condensate. Make sure that the collector is neither under- nor over-pressurised.

### 8.6. Connection to the air network

For the air connection, select the duct sections according to the dimensions of the flexible sleeves, which must be correctly tensioned. The ducts must be insulated and the first accessories (elbows, tees, etc.) must be located at a distance of at least 2.5 times the diameter in order to avoid any disturbance (turbulence) of the airflow that could affect the proper functioning of the ventilation unit. The weight of the ducts must not lie on the unit.

### 8.7. Connection of power supply

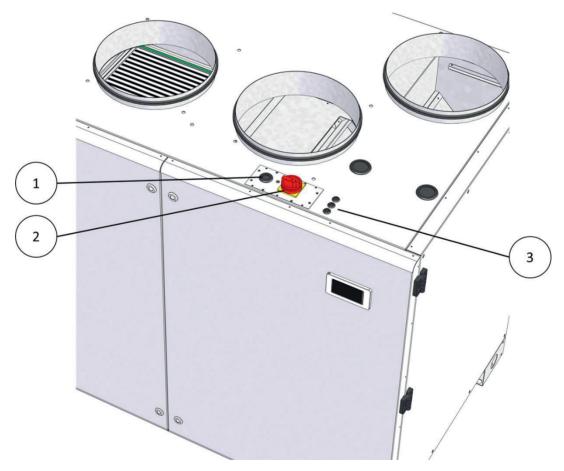
It is necessary to provide protection devices (circuit breaker, differential) upstream of the ventilation unit's power supply cable.

The power supply cable is connected directly to the back of the isolating switch on the front of the ventilation unit.

Drill a hole in the rubber grommet and feed the power cable through it. Connect the power supply wires directly to the terminal block of the cut-off switch (use crimped cable ends).

Connect the ground wire (PE) to the crimped nut clamp provided for this purpose (use a lug terminal for M6 screws). The ground wire (PE) should be slightly longer than the phase and neutral wires.

Securely attach and clamp the power cable to a fixed part (frame, cable tray, etc.).



- 1- Power supply grommet
- 2- Cut-off switch
- 3- Additional grommets for connecting optional equipment

### 9. Electrical connection of external devices

### 9.1. External control of low-speed forced operation (reduced operation)

The external low speed forced operation command allows the unit to be forced to operate at low speed, regardless of the current operating mode requested by the time schedule. The external control has priority over the time schedule. If the central ventilation unit is switched off by the time schedule, the activation of the external forced low-speed control (reduced operation) will force the central unit to start up at low speed.

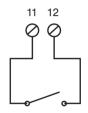
## 9 10

Forced operation Low speed

### 9.2. External control of high-speed forced operation (normal operation)

The external high-speed forced operation command (normal operation) forces the ventilation speed of the central ventilation unit to high speed, regardless of the operating speed requested by the time schedule and regardless of the status of the external low-speed forced operation command. The external high-speed forced operation command (normal operation) has priority over the time schedule and the external low-speed forced operation command (reduced operation).

If the central ventilation unit is switched off by the time schedule, the activation of the external forced high-speed command (normal operation) will force the unit to start up at high speed.

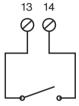


Forced operation Low speed

### 9.3. External shutdown control

The external shutdown control forces the central ventilation unit to shut down, regardless of the operating mode requested by the time schedule and regardless of the status of the external forced operation commands for reduced or normal operation.

The use of isolation registers on the supply and extract air circuits is highly recommended in case of repeated starting and stopping of the ventilation unit.



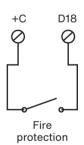
External stop

### 9.4. External fire protection control

When the external fire protection control is activated, the central ventilation unit operates in fire protection mode, regardless of the operating mode requested by the time schedule and regardless of the status of the external forced operation controls for reduced or normal operation. The fire protection mode has priority over all other operating modes.

The operation of the machine depends on the function settings made by the user. By default, the function is inactive when the equipment leaves the factory.

The potential of terminal (+C) is available on terminals (9), (11) and (13) of the customer's terminal block.



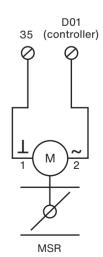
### 9.5. Motorised supply air register control (MSR)

The motorised supply air register can be supplied as an option. It is powered directly from the controller's DO1 output (24V AC). It has a safety return spring that ensures the register closes in the event of a power failure.

Installation and electrical connection are the responsibility of the installer.

The use of isolation registers on the supply and extract air circuits is highly recommended in case of repeated starting and stopping of the ventilation unit.

When the ventilation unit is in operation, there is a voltage of 24V AC between terminals (35) and (DO1). When idle, there is no voltage.



Cable colours: 1 = black 2 = red

### 9.6. Motorised exhaust air register control (MER)

The motorised exhaust air register can be supplied as an option. It is powered directly from the controller's DO2 output (24V AC). It has a safety return spring that ensures the register closes in the event of a power failure.

Installation and electrical connection are the responsibility of the installer.

The use of isolation registers on the supply and extract air circuits is highly recommended in case of repeated starting and stopping of the ventilation unit.

When the ventilation unit is in operation, there is a voltage of 24V AC between terminals (36) and (DO2). When idle, there is no voltage.

### 9.7. Night cooling signal (LOBBY)

The night cooling function takes advantage of the cooler outside temperatures at night to lower the internal temperature of the building and thus improve daytime comfort while limiting the energy consumption of any cooling systems. When the function is active, the aim is to maximise the airflow to make the most of the free cooling energy available outside.

For this function to be fully functional when the fans are regulated at constant pressure (LOBBY), it is necessary to be able to force the opening of the registers in the network, otherwise the air volume will be limited to an average value.

A 24V AC output (to be relayed) is provided between the terminals (22) of the customer terminal block and DO7 of the controller to force the opening of the zone registers during the night cooling period. When the function is active, there is a voltage of 24V AC between terminal (22) of the terminal block and (DO7) of the controller. When idle, there is no voltage.

# Cable colours: 1 = black 2 = red D07 22 (controller)

D02 (controller)

36



### 9.8. Alarm signal

The output contact is polarised at 24V AC and is programmed as NO at the factory:

| No alarm or class C alarm (warning)                                | Class A or B alarm is active  |
|--|---|
| (See alarm table)  | (See alarm table)   |
| No voltage between terminal block (20) and (DO5) of the controller | 24V AC voltage between terminal terminal block (20) and (DO5) of the controller |

The alarm signal is limited to 100mA. Under no circumstances should it be used to supply a consumer directly. The signal must be relayed.

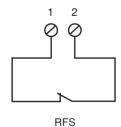
## 20 (controller) Alarm reporting

### 9.9. Remote fire stop - RFS

The dry NC (normally closed) contact of the RFS (or CMSI) must be connected by the installer between terminals (1) and (2) of the customer terminal block after having removed the shunt installed at the factory on these 2 terminals.

Opening the circuit cuts off the general 24V AC power supply to the entire control unit. The ventilation unit is immediately stopped and the isolation registers (if present) are closed by their automatic return spring.

The unit restarts automatically as soon as the circuit is closed (closing of the RFS or CMSI contact).



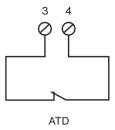
22

### 9.10. Autonomous trigger detector - ATD

The dry NC (normally closed) contact of the ATD must be connected by the installer between terminals (3) and (4) of the customer terminal block after having removed the shunt installed at the factory on these 2 terminals.

Opening the circuit cuts off the general 24V AC power supply to the entire control unit. The ventilation unit is immediately stopped and the isolation registers (if present) are closed by their automatic return spring.

The unit restarts automatically as soon as the circuit is closed (closing of the ATD contact). If an ATD is installed, a motorised register with a safety return spring should be fitted downstream of the intake air filters.



### 10. Connection of remote coils in ducts

The entire Zehnder Silvertop range can be combined with the Combi Box range in order to extend the basic functionality, particularly in cases where remote cooling coils are to be added to the duct system.

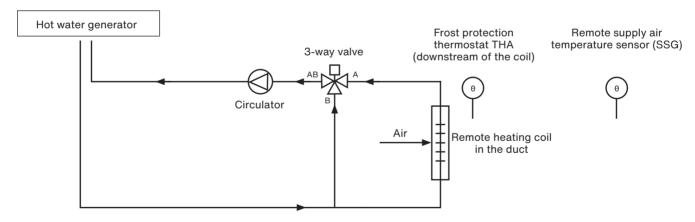
### 10.1. Remote hot water coil

When a remote hot water coil is used (available as an option in the Combi Box), the following accessories must be connected:

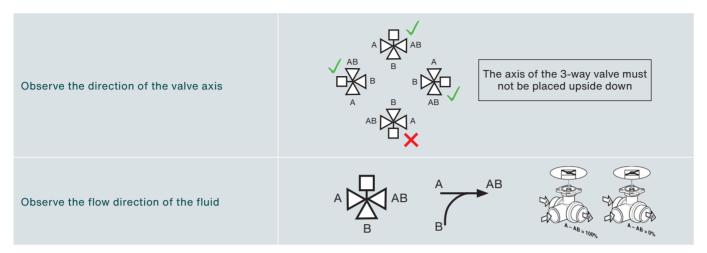
- 3-way valve (available as an option)
- The THA frost protection thermostat (available as an option)
- The pump (circulator) for the irrigation of the coil (selection and supply the responsibility of the installer)

It is also necessary to move the ventilation supply air temperature sensor (SSG) downstream of the remote hot water coil.

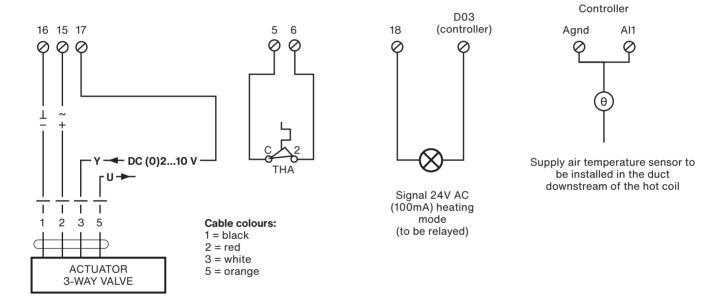
The installation must comply with the following hydraulic connection principle:



The hydraulic connection and installation of the hot 3-way valve must meet the following requirements:



The electrical connection must meet the following requirements:



The THA frost protection thermostat is of the NC (normally closed) type. It should be set to +5 °C. It is closed when the bulb temperature is above +5 °C and opens when the temperature drops below +5 °C. Its function is to protect the coil from freezing. When the contact opens, the controller stops the ventilation. When the temperature rises, the controller restarts the fans. As long as the contact is open, the controller displays the alarm (56). This alarm is stored in the alarm history and is automatically acknowledged when the contact closes.

Please note that the "heating mode" signal is a control signal and not a power signal. Therefore, it must not be used as a power supply and must be relayed. The signal sent by the controller is 24V AC (100mA max).

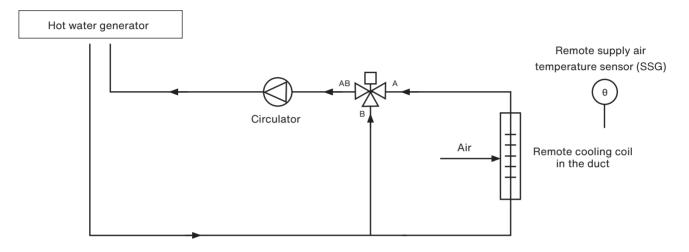
### 10.2. Remote cold water coil

When a remote cold water coil is used (available as an option in Combi Box), it is necessary to connect the 3-way valve (available as an option) to the controller of the ventilation unit.

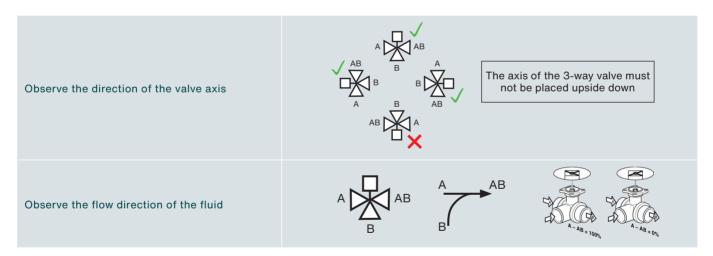
The coil circulator is the responsibility of the installer.

It is also necessary to move the ventilation supply air temperature sensor (SSG) downstream of the remote cold water coil.

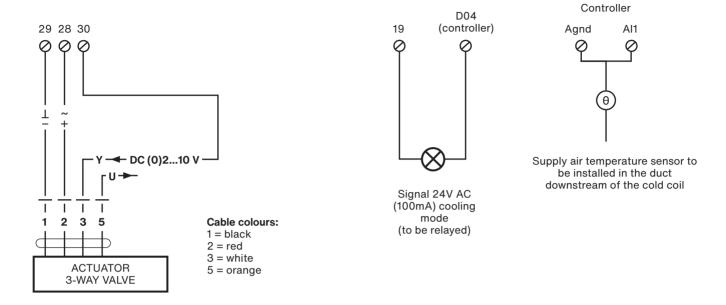
The installation must comply with the following hydraulic connection:



The hydraulic connection and installation of the 3-way valve must meet the following requirements:



The electrical connection must meet the following requirements:



Please note that the "cooling mode" signal is a control signal and not a power signal. Therefore, it must not be used as a power supply and must be relayed. The signal sent by the controller is 24V AC (100 mA max).

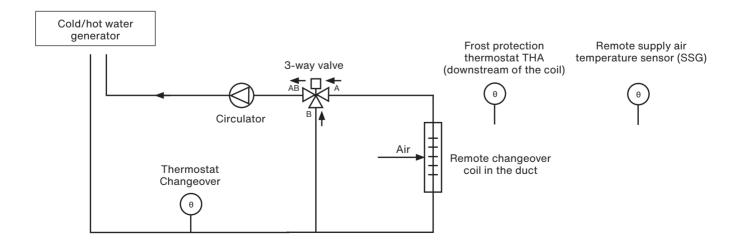
### 10.3. Remote changeover coil (CO coil)

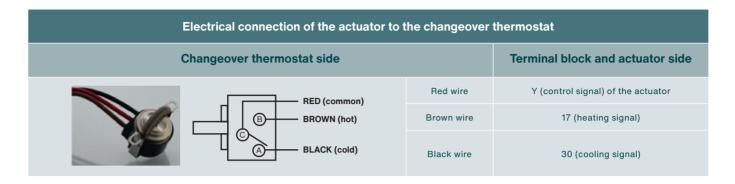
When a remote changeover coil is used (available as an option in Combi Box), it is necessary to connect the 3-way valve (available as an option) and the changeover thermostat to the controller of the central ventilation unit.

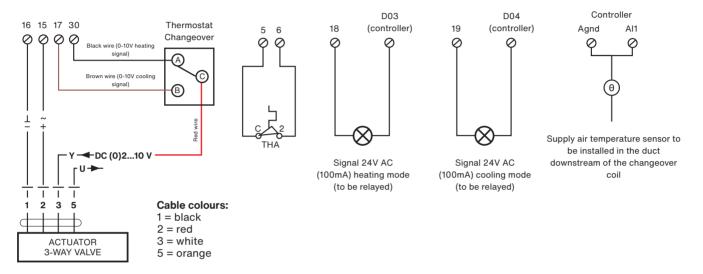
The changeover coil circulator is the responsibility of the installer.

It is also necessary to move the supply air temperature sensor (SSG) downstream of the remote changeover coil.

The changeover thermostat allows the control of the mixing valve to be reversed depending on the temperature of the fluid measured at the mixing valve inlet. It should be installed in the water supply line of the CO coil, upstream of the 3-way valve.







The behaviour of the changeover thermostat is defined in the table below:

| T ≥ 30 °C +/-4 °C             | T ≤ 15 °C +/-4 °C             |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Contact C-A open (C-B closed) | Contact C-A closed (C-B open) |

Please note that the "cooling mode" and "heating mode" signals are control signals and not power signals. Therefore, they must not be used as a power supply and must be relayed. The signal sent by the controller is 24V AC (100 mA max).

### 10.4. Remote direct expansion (DX) cooling/heating/reversible coil

The control of a direct expansion (DX) coil is described in a separate document and and is independent of this manual. Please contact your supplier.

### 11. General functions

### 11.1. Installation of the thermal sequence

Initialisation at start-up allows the unit to be started at an operating point that is as close as possible to the one that will be recalculated during operation in order to avoid any source of discomfort and unnecessary energy consumption.

The initialisation of the thermal sequence at start-up depends on the outdoor temperature measured at the time the machine is started:

| Outdoor temperature < +3 °C   | Outdoor temperature ≥ +3 °C                   |
|---|---|
| The unit starts when 100% heat is required*.  |   |
| As long as the feedback signal of the supply air fan is idle**, the electric heating coil is not activated. | The unit starts with maximum energy recovery. |

- \* The control output of the 3-way valve or the control output of the electric heating coil is at 100% (10V).
- \*\* ECO/DIVA: the DEP S pressure switch contact is open; LOBBY: the pressure signal is below the minimum threshold; MAC2/QUATTRO: the volume signal is below the minimum threshold.

### 11.2. Start-up sequence

The start-up sequence is activated when the following conditions are met:

- The unit is ON
- There are no active class A alarms (alarms that shut down the unit) or the external control is not active
- At least one time programme (reduced operation or normal operation) is active, or a forced operation (normal operation or reduced operation) is active, or the fire protection function set to start the unit is active, or there is a request for operation from the BMS.

The start-up sequence takes a total of 120 seconds. During this time, the alarms are disabled (except for the THS electric coil overheating alarm (63), which is monitored during this period) and the AHU starts up at the operating point defined at the initialisation of the thermal sequences at start-up. The minimum fan control signal does not apply.

The openings of the intake air and exhaust air registers open as soon as the start sequence is activated.

The control signal for the extract fan is enabled 15 seconds after the start sequence is activated.

15 seconds later, the control signal for the extract air fan is enabled and the extract air fan starts.

The outputs for controlling the 3-way valves and the heating or cooling pumps are activated.

Once the 120 seconds have elapsed, the fan unit switches to normal mode at the end of the start-up sequence. The minimum and maximum fan control signal is then taken into account and the alarm monitoring function is activated.

In the event of a power failure, the unit will automatically restart as soon as the power supply is restored.

### 11.3. Shutdown sequence (post-ventilation)

The shutdown sequence occurs when at least one of the following conditions is met:

- Appearance of an alarm whose action requires the normal shutdown of the unit (note that some alarms are programmed for rapid shutdown, in which case the shutdown sequence is ignored and the unit shuts down immediately)
- The unit is switched to OFF
- No active time slot
- The fire function is set to stop the unit
- Stop request from the BMS
- External stop request to digital input DI

The shutdown sequence lasts for a time related to the setting of the fan shutdown time limits (post-ventilation) and the intake air and exhaust air register closing time limits. When the shutdown sequence is initiated, the alarm management function and the hot/cold outputs are immediately deactivated. The supply fan is switched off after 180 seconds. The extract fan is switched off 30 seconds later. The intake air and exhaust air registers close after 5s following the fan shutdown and all actuator control signals are deactivated.

### 12. Starting up

The Zehnder Silvertop ventilation unit is delivered pre-set and ready to use.

However, if the factory settings do not meet the requirements, the specific actions to be taken are:

- Installation and electrical wiring of optional extras
- Controller date and time setting
- Setting the summer/winter time changeover (automatic changeover by default)
- Time schedule settings
- Fan setpoint setting
- Temperature setpoint setting
- Communication protocol setting (if communication used)
- Setting of specific functions (according to version and need):

Night cooling: activation time and fan setpoint offset

Fire protection

lcing protection by reducing the airflow rate

By using the save user settings function at the end of the commissioning process, a normally functional configuration can be restored at any time.

### 13. Maintenance

### 13.1. Annual general quality check

Check the ducts, flexible sleeves and anti-vibration pads and replace them if necessary.

Check that all the components connected to the control unit are in place so that no vibrations can be transferred to external items.

Check the electrical connections and the tightness of the terminals.

### 13.2. Filter quality check

| Classification                  |           | Cleaning*                  | Extraction*<br>Supply* |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Filtration efficiency ISO 16890 | Reference | (Water + gentle detergent) |                        |
| ePM10 - 50%                     | M5        | Restricted (1 to 4 times)  | YES                    |
| ePM10 - 55%                     | F7        | NO                         |                        |

<sup>\*</sup>Filter cleaning must be carried out with care to avoid damaging the filter media.

Only F5 filters can be blown out and cleaned with care.

| Frequency (in months of operation)                           |                    |  |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Every 3 months (to be adapted according to local conditions) | Every 12 months    |  |
| Verification (Cleaning if necessary for M5 filters)          | Filter replacement |  |

### 13.3. Removal and installation of the exchanger condensate tray

| Step | Removal   |  |  |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| D1   | top of the machine.  Remove the condensate drain attached to the drain connection of the  |  |  |  |  |
| D2   |   |  |  |  |  |
| D3   | Open the left-hand door.  Remove the condensate tray from its housing.  |  |  |  |  |
| D4   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Step | Installation  |  |  |  |  |
| R1   | Proceed in the reverse order to the removal process, taking care not to damage the panel feed-through seal and ensuring that the connection between the condensate drain tray spigot and the syphon piping is sealed. |  |  |  |  |
| R2   | Fill the condensate tray with water to fill the syphon.   |  |  |  |  |
| R3   | Start the machine. Check for condensate or air leaks.   |  |  |  |  |

The condensate tray can be cleaned and disinfected by soaking and rinsing with clean water, if necessary with bleach.

### 13.4. Removal and installation of the plate heat exchanger

| Step  | Removal   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| D1  | Stop the machine and cut off the power supply using the isolating switch on top of the machine.   |  |  |
| D2  | Open the 2 service doors.   |  |  |
| D3  | Remove the exchanger by pulling on its carrying strap, taking care not to damage the heat exchange surfaces of the exchanger, which could impair the performance of the machine.  |  |  |
| D4  | Place the exchanger on a clean, dust-free surface, protected from any impact that could cause damage. Cover it with a protective film if it is to be stored for a long time or if there is to be work in the vicinity that is likely to produce dust. Identify the direction of assembly to be observed for reassembly. |  |  |
| Step  | Installation  |  |  |
| R1  | Proceed in the reverse order to the removal process, taking care to respect the direction of assembly of the exchanger and checking the integrity of the seals placed on each side. Replace them if necessary.  |  |  |
| R2  | Check the syphon for water and refill if necessary.   |  |  |
| Start the machine. Check that there is no abnormal noise and that the performance and setpoints (pres flow, temperature, etc. depending on the version) are achieved. |   |  |  |

The exchanger can be cleaned by rinsing with clean water, if necessary using a spray. Allow sufficient time for drainage and drying to prevent water droplets from entering the supply air system.

### 14. Troubleshooting - maintenance

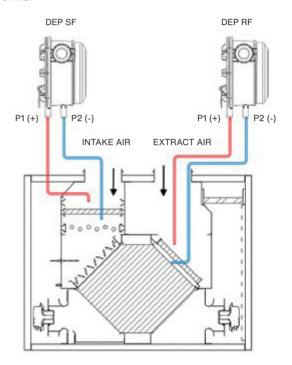
When the ventilation unit is malfunctioning, it is recommended that you first:

- Check the tightness and connection of the terminal blocks and electrical plugs
- Check the setting and consistency of the control parameters and setpoints.

### 14.1. Connection and setting of the filter control pressure switch

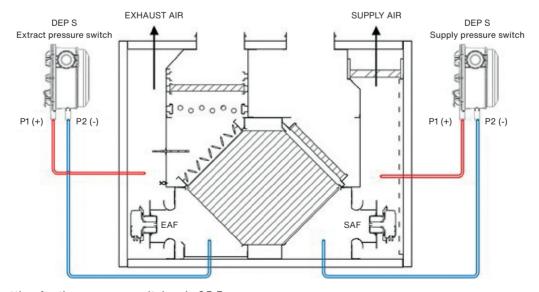
Pressure switches for monitoring the clogging of filters allow the degree of clogging in filters to be checked by measuring the pressure drop between the inlet (upstream) and the outlet (downstream) of the filter. When the pressure drop (pressure difference) of the filter element exceeds the setting of the pressure switch, the NO contact of the pressure switch closes. The factory setting of the filter pressure switch is 150 Pa for M5 filters and 200 Pa for F7 filters. If an additional filter is installed for the intake air (double filter stage) in addition to the standard filter, the pressure switch must be set to 300 Pa.

Refer to the wiring diagram for details on the electrical connection of the pressure switches.



### 14.2. Connection and setting of the fan feedback pressure switches (ECO and DIVA)

The fan operation control pressure switches allow the pressure difference between the fan inlet and outlet to be monitored at any time, thus indicating whether the fan is operating correctly or not.

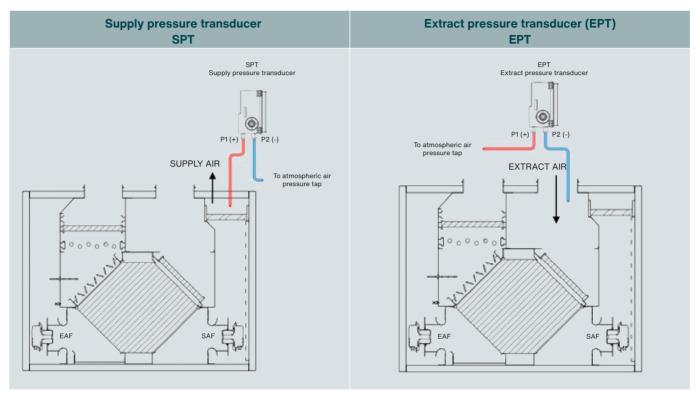


The factory setting for the pressure switches is 25 Pa.

Refer to the wiring diagram for details on the electrical connection of the pressure switches.

### 14.3. Connection and setting of pressure transducers (LOBBY)

The pressure transducers convert the relative air pressure measured at the air supply and extract of the unit into an analogue 0-10V signal which is transmitted to the controller.



The pressure signal is also used by the controller to check that the fans are working properly. The threshold is 25 Pa.

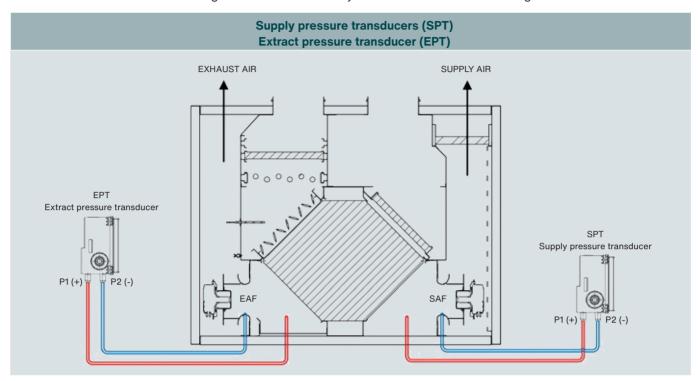
The factory setting is 130 Pa.

Refer to the electrical diagram (see chapter 15 Electrical control wiring diagram) for details of the electrical connection of the pressure transducers.

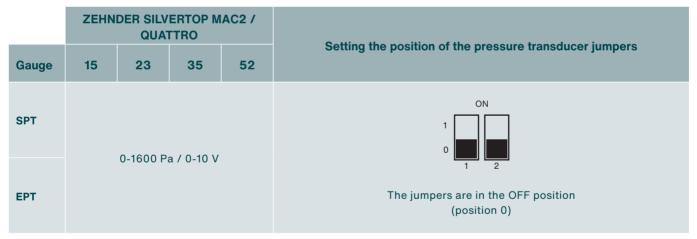
|       | ZEHNDER SILVERTOP LOBBY |    | ОВВУ |              |   |  |
|-------|-------------------------|----|------|--------------|---|--|
| Gauge | 15                      | 23 | 35   | 52           | Setting the position of the pressure transducer jumpers |  |
| SPT   |                         |    |      | ON<br>1<br>0 |   |  |
| ЕРТ   | 0-1600 Pa / 0-10 V      |    |      |              | 1 2  The jumpers are in the OFF position (position 0)   |  |

### 14.4. Connection and setting of pressure transducers (MAC2 and QUATTRO)

The pressure transducers convert the differential air pressure measured into an analogue 0-10V signal, which is transmitted to the controller. This signal is then converted by the controller into a volume signal.



For the MAC2 and QUATTRO versions, the P1(+) pressure switch pressure tap must be connected upstream of the fan bell, and P2(-) must be connected directly to the inlet ring.



The signal is also used by the controller to check that the fans are working properly (run and deviation monitoring). The threshold is different for each machine model:

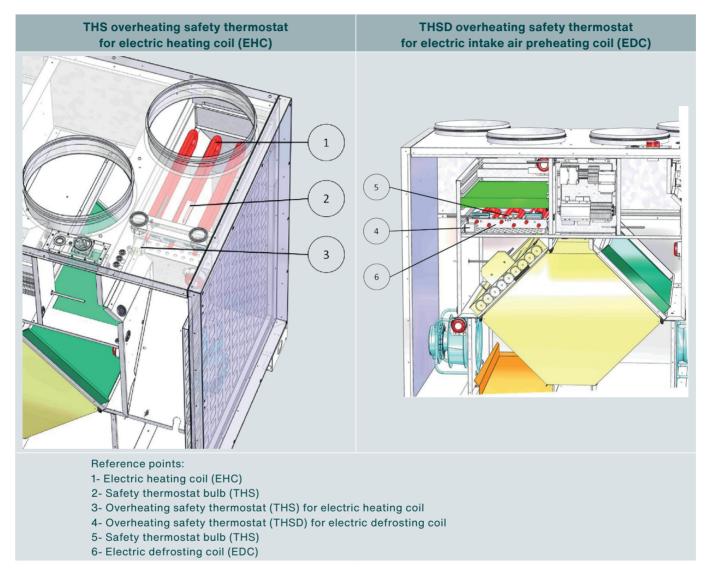
| Machine<br>(MAC2 or QUATTRO) | Reduced operation volume | Normal operation volu-<br>me | S + R fan<br>difference threshold | S + R fan<br>difference threshold |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Zehnder Silvertop 15         | 800 m³/h                 | 1200 m <sup>3</sup> /h       | 300 m³/h                          | 360 m³/h                          |
| Zehnder Silvertop 23         | 1000 m³/h                | 1800 m³/h                    | 350 m³/h                          | 540 m³/h                          |
| Zehnder Silvertop 35         | 1700 m³/h                | 3000 m³/h                    | 610 m <sup>3</sup> /h             | 900 m³/h                          |
| Zehnder Silvertop 52         | 2750 m <sup>3</sup> /h   | 3900 m³/h                    | 740 m³/h                          | 1170 m³/h                         |

Refer to the electrical diagram (see chapter 15 Electrical control wiring diagram) for details of the electrical connection of the pressure transducers.

### 14.5. Overheating safety thermostats THS and THSD

The overheating safety thermostats are placed directly:

- On the electric heating coil (EHC) for the THS
- On the electric intake air preheating coil (EDC) for the THSD



When overheating has been detected by the THS or THSD overheating safety thermostats, it is necessary to reset them by pressing the white reset button after removing the protective cap screwed on the thermostat body itself.

Before resetting the thermostat, it is necessary to know the cause of the overheating and to remedy it in order to avoid any damage to the equipment. There may be overheating of the electric coil, for example, due to a faulty solid state relay and/or fan, or due to a power failure when the coil was at full power (check for alarms).

### 14.6. Replacing the internal memory battery

The appearance of the low battery alarm (alarm #78) indicates that the battery powering the internal memory and Real Time Clock (RTC) is too low and may fail to operate in the event of a power failure.

The procedure for replacing the battery is described below. A condenser takes over when the battery is removed. The battery should be replaced within approximately 10 minutes after the power supply is cut off.

If the battery replacement takes less than 10 minutes, it will not be necessary to reload the programme and the clock will continue to operate normally. If necessary, the controller must be reprogrammed.

It is a CR2032 battery.

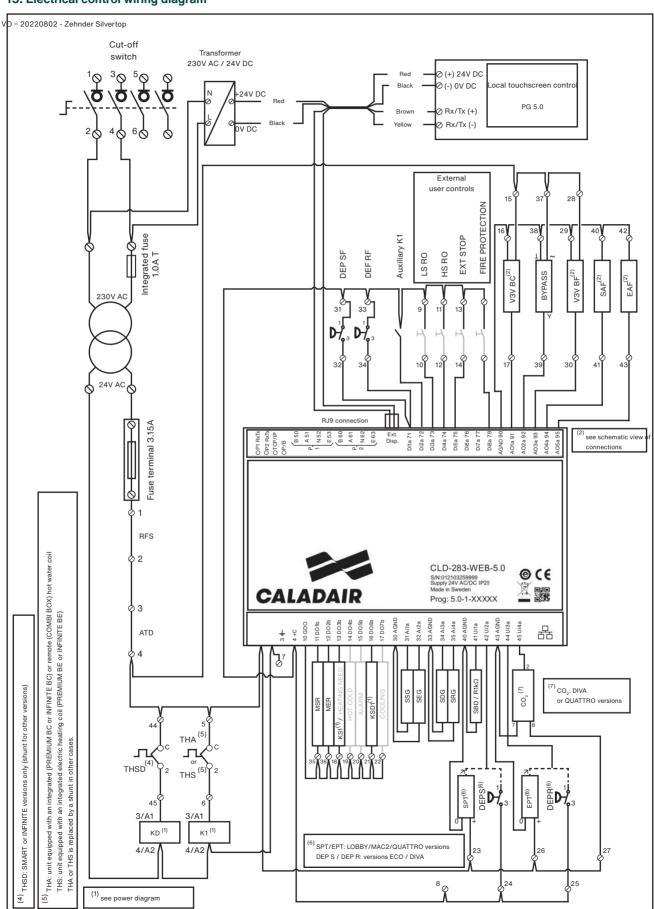
Press the clips on either side of the housing with a small screwdriver to release the cover from the base. Hold the base and remove the cover.



Replace the new battery by pressing firmly on it to slide it into its holder.

Note: Pay attention to the direction of the battery to ensure correct polarity.

### 15. Electrical control wiring diagram



| Standard equi | ipment (depending on unit  | t version)  |
|---------------|--|---|
| BYPASS        | Control signal for bypass recovery actuator                      | All versions  |
| DEP SF        | Supply filter pressure switch                                    | All versions  |
| DEP RF        | Extract filter pressure switch                                   | Optional, factory-wired   |
| Auxiliary K1  | Auxiliary contact of contact transmitter K1                      | All versions  |
| SAF           | Control signal for supply fan                                    | All versions  |
| EAF           | Control signal for extract fan                                   | All versions  |
| тна           | Frost protection thermostat                                      | If equipped with a hot water coil (PREMIUM BC / INFINITE BC), or control of a remote water coil in the Combi Box duct |
| THS           | Overheating safety<br>thermostat for electric<br>heating coil    | If equipped with an electric heating coil (PREMIUM BE / INFINITE BE)  |
| THSD          | Overheating safety<br>thermostat for electric<br>defrosting coil | If equipped with an electric defrosting coil (SMART / INFINITE)   |
| KD            | Electric defrosting coil contact transmitter (EDC)               |   |
| KSD1          | Defrosting coil static relay (EDC)                               | If equipped with an electric defrosting coil (SMART / INFINITE) single-phase 230V AC or three-phase 400V AC           |
| KSD2          | Defrosting coil static relay (EDC)                               | If equipped with a three-phase 400V AC electric defrosting coil (SMART / INFINITE)                                    |
| K1            | Electric heating coil (EHC) contact transmitter                  |   |
| KS1           | Static relay for electric heating coil (EHC)                     | If equipped with an electric heating coil (PREMIUM BE / INFINITE BE) single-phase 230V AC or three-phase 400V AC      |
| KS2           | Static relay for electric heating coil (EHC)                     | If equipped with an electric heating coil (PREMIUM BE / INFINITE BE) three-phase 400V AC                              |
| BE            | Electric heating coil  | If equipped with an electric heating coil (PREMIUM BE / INFINITE BE)  |
| EDC           | Electric defrosting coil   | If equipped with an electric defrosting coil (SMART / INFINITE)   |
| SSG           | Supply temperature sensor  | All versions Equipped with a yellow sleeve  |
| SEG           | Outdoor temperature sensor                                       | All versions Equipped with a blue sleeve  |
| SDG           | Defrosting temperature sensor (exhaust air)                      | All versions<br>Equipped with a brown sleeve  |
| SRG           | Extract temperature sensor                                       | All versions<br>Equipped with a black sleeve  |
| SBD           | Defrost coil temperature<br>sensor (preheated intake<br>air)     | If equipped with a defrosting coil (SMART / INFINITE) Equipped with a red sleeve                                      |
|               | 1k Ohm resistance  | If not equipped with an EDC defrosting coil (FIRST/ PREMIUM)  |

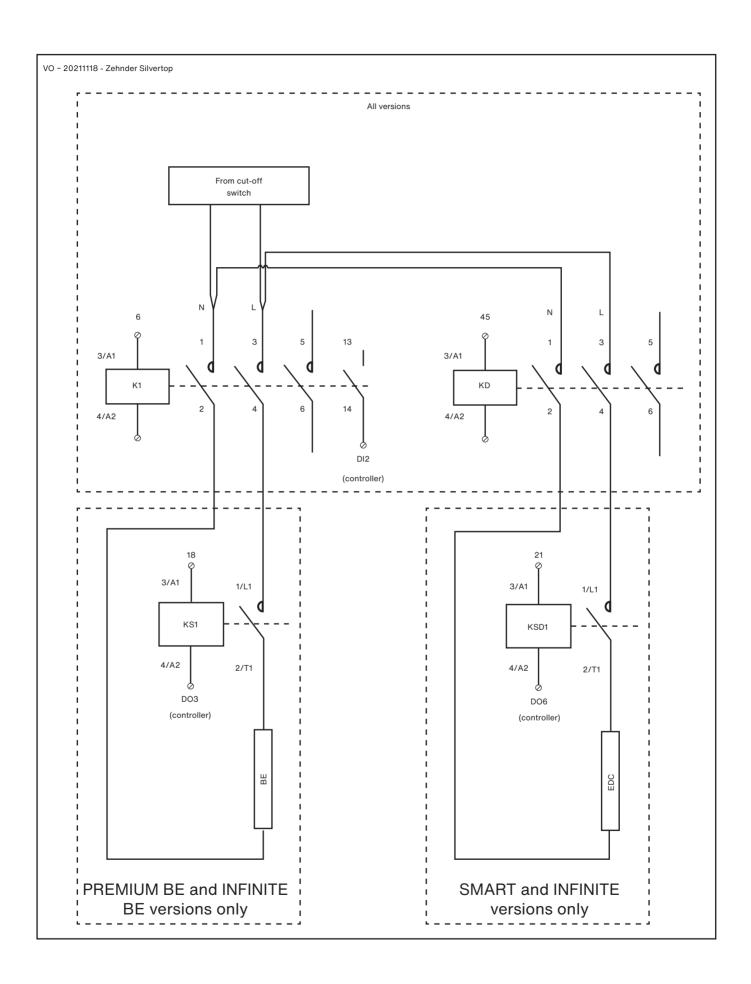
| Standard equipment (depending on unit version) |   |                        |  |
|--|---|------------------------|--|
| CO <sub>2</sub>                                | CO <sub>2</sub> sensor                          | DIVA / QUATTRO         |  |
| DEP S  | Pressure switch for supply fan operation (SAF)  | ECO / DIVA             |  |
| DEP R  | Pressure switch for extract fan operation (EAF) | ECO / DIVA             |  |
| TRP S  | Supply air pressure transducer                  | LOBBY / MAC2 / QUATTRO |  |
| TRP R  | Extract air pressure transducer                 | LOBBY / MAC2 / QUATTRO |  |

| Optional equipment (to be wired on site according to user requirements) |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| LS RO   | External control of low-speed forced operation (reduced operation) by NO dry contact     |  |
| HS RO   | External control of high-speed forced operation (normal operation) by NO dry contact     |  |
| EXT STOP  | External control of unit shutdown via NO dry contact                                     |  |
| RFS   | Remote fire stop by NC dry contact   |  |
| ATD   | Autonomous trigger detector by NC dry contact  |  |
| ALARM   | Polarised 24V AC digital on/off output for alarm signal                                  |  |
| COOLING<br>(NIGHT COOLING)  | Polarised 24V AC digital on/off output for active night cooling signal                   |  |
| HEATING NEED  | Polarised 24V AC digital on/off output for active heating need                           |  |
| COOLING NEED  | Polarised 24V AC digital on/off output for active cooling need                           |  |
| MSR   | Output for controlling the opening of the motorised supply register polarised at 24V AC  |  |
| MER   | Output for controlling the opening of the motorised extract register polarised at 24V AC |  |
| V3V BC  | 0-10V control signal for the 3-way valve of the hot water heating coil (BC)              |  |
| V3V BF  | 0-10V control signal for the 3-way valve of the cold water cooling coil (BF)             |  |

# 16. Electrical power wiring diagrams

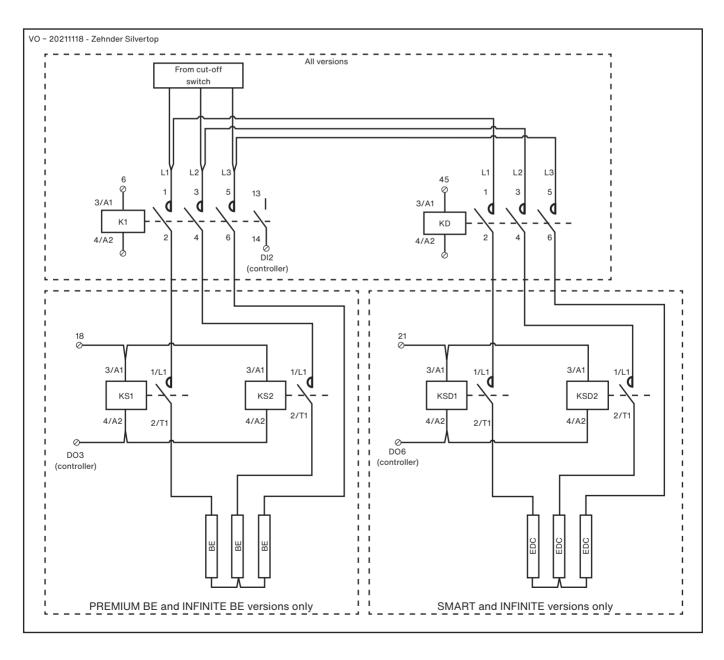
# 16.1. Single-phase 230V AC electric heating and defrosting coils

|                      | Versions included |          |            |            |             |             |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Zehnder<br>Silvertop | FIRST             | SMART    | PREMIUM BE | PREMIUM BC | INFINITE BE | INFINITE BE |
| 06                   |                   | <b>✓</b> | <b>✓</b>   |            | <b>~</b>    | <b>✓</b>    |
| 08                   |                   | <b>~</b> | <b>✓</b>   |            | <b>~</b>    | <b>✓</b>    |
| 15                   |                   |          | <b>✓</b>   |            |             |             |



# 16.2. Three-phase 400V AC electric heating and defrosting coils

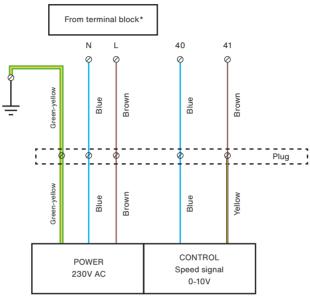
|                      | Versions included |          |            |            |             |             |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Zehnder<br>Silvertop | FIRST             | SMART    | PREMIUM BE | PREMIUM BC | INFINITE BE | INFINITE BC |
| 15                   |                   | <b>✓</b> |            |            | <b>~</b>    | <b>✓</b>    |
| 23                   |                   | <b>✓</b> | <b>~</b>   |            | <b>✓</b>    | <b>✓</b>    |
| 35                   |                   | <b>✓</b> | <b>~</b>   |            | <b>✓</b>    | <b>✓</b>    |
| 52                   |                   | <b>~</b> | <b>~</b>   |            | <b>~</b>    | <b>~</b>    |



## 16.3. Motorised fans

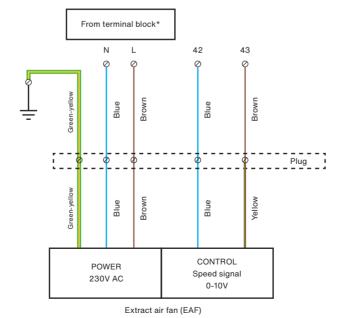
## Zehnder Silvertop 06-08 motors

\*Fan power supply terminal block see 7.2 Electrical board.



\_

Supply air fan (SAF)

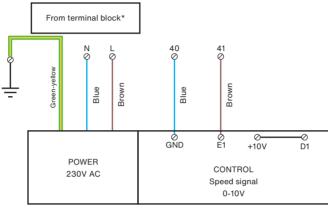


Supply

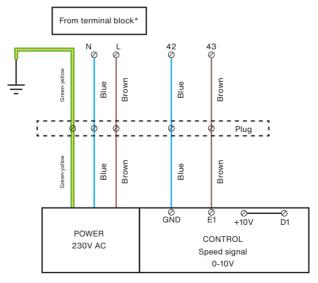
# **Zehnder Silvertop 15 motors**

\*Fan power supply terminal block see 7.2 Electrical board.

Supply



Supply air fan (SAF)



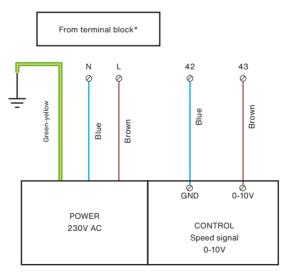
Extract air fan (EAF)

# Zehnder Silvertop 23 motors

\*Fan power supply terminal block see 7.2 Electrical board.

Supply air fan (SAF)

Supply

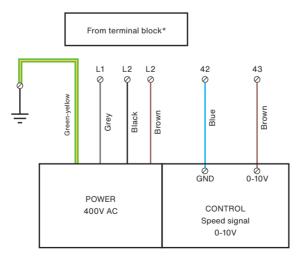


Extract air fan (EAF)

# Zehnder Silvertop 35 motors

\*Fan power supply terminal block see 7.2 Electrical board.

Supply air fan (SAF)



Extract air fan (EAF)

ddno

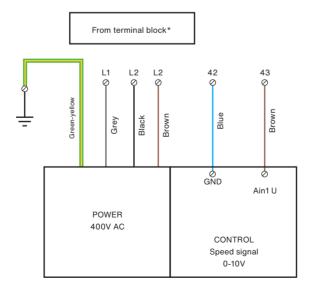
# **Zehnder Silvertop 52 motors**

\*Fan power supply terminal block see 7.2 Electrical board.

Supply air fan (SAF)

Suppl





Extract air fan (EAF)

#### 17. Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller

See specific manual MS-CDF-020 - Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller.

#### 18. SEASON controller

#### 18.1. General

The SEASON controller is a simplified and streamlined solution for controlling the ventilation unit. In contrast to the Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller, it does not have an intelligent electronic controller, a local touch control PG 5.0 or a remote Zehnder EDT2 room touch control.

The SEASON controller includes as standard:

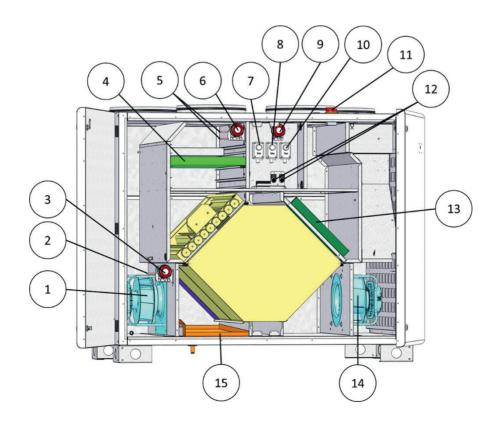
- Individual fan speed setting via adjustable potentiometer
- Heat recovery management by adjustable thermostat, including the functions:
   Frost protection of the heat exchanger by bypassing the intake air flow in the case of a machine equipped with a plate heat exchanger.
  - Cold recovery, heat recovery
- Fan operation report via pressure switch (NO or NC dry contact)
- The report of the intake air filter clogging state (NO or NC dry contact)

The SEASON controller does not allow the control of heating or cooling coils.

The rotary exchanger or the bypass flap (in the case of a plate heat exchanger) operates in on-off mode.

#### 18.2. Overview and construction

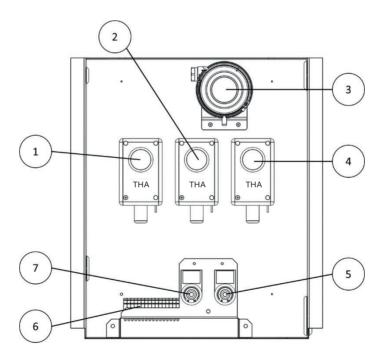
The overview and construction of the SEASON version is very similar to the basic ECO version. The differences are mainly in the electrical board and the components related to the control system (temperature sensors, controller). The SEASON version does not have a supply air heating coil or a intake air preheating coil.



| Reference point | Name               | Component  |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| 1               | EAF                | Extract air fan  |
| 2               |                    | Control thermostat bulb TH3 (exhaust air temperature)                                  |
| 3               | DEP R              | Pressure switch for extract fan operation (EAF)  |
| 4               | SF                 | Supply filter (intake air)   |
| 5               |                    | Thermostat bulbs TH1 and TH2 (outside air temperature)                                 |
| 6               | DEP SF             | Pressure switch to control the clogging of the intake air filter                       |
| 7               | TH1                | Control thermostat TH1 (heat recovery)   |
| 8               | TH2                | Control thermostat TH2 (cold recovery)   |
| 9               | DEP S              | Pressure switch to control the operation of the supply fan (SAF)                       |
| 10              | TH3                | Control thermostat TH3 (frost protection)  |
| 11              | IG                 | Cut-off switch   |
| 12              | POT SAF<br>POT EAF | Setpoint potentiometers for supply air fan speed (SAF) and exhaust air fan speed (EAF) |
| 13              | RF                 | Extract filter   |
| 14              | SAF                | Supply air fan   |

The other components common to the standard range equipped with the Zehnder Easy 5.0 controller are presented in chapter 7.1 General overview of the unit.

# 18.3. Electrical compartments and user controls



| Reference point | Name    | Component  |
|-----------------|---------|--|
| 1               | TH1     | Control thermostat TH1 (heat recovery)                           |
| 2               | TH2     | Control thermostat TH2 (cold recovery)                           |
| 3               | DEP S   | Pressure switch to control the operation of the supply fan (SAF) |
| 4               | TH3     | Control thermostat TH3 (frost protection)                        |
| 5               | POT SAF | Potentiometer for air supply speed setting (SAF)                 |
| 6               |         | Electric terminal block  |
| 7               | POT EAF | Potentiometer for air extract speed setting (EAF)                |

#### 18.4. General operating principle

When the power is switched on (isolating switch in ON position), the supply fan and the extraction fan start after a few seconds to reach the set speed requested by the potentiometer position.

The bypass flap is activated when the power is switched on and depending on the outside air temperature, the exhaust temperature and the setting of the (adjustable) control thermostats.

|                       | Exhaust temperature** |                           | Outdoor air temperature** |                           |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|                       | < 5 °C                | < 18 °C                   | 18 °C24 °C                | > 24 °C                   |  |
| Bypass flap position* | Open                  | Closed<br>(heat recovery) | Open                      | Closed<br>(cold recovery) |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Open = the intake air flow does not pass through the exchanger / closed = the entire intake air flow passes through the exchanger

#### 18.5. User settings

#### 18.5.1. Thermostat TH1 (heat recovery)

The TH1 thermostat bulb is placed in the intake air flow (= outdoor temperature).

| Outdoor temperature < 18 °C | Outdoor temperature > 18 °C |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Closed contact              | Open contact                |

#### 18.5.2. Thermostat TH2 (cold recovery)

The TH2 thermostat bulb is placed in the intake air flow (= outdoor temperature).

| Outdoor temperature < 24°C | Outdoor temperature > 24°C |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Open contact               | Closed contact             |

## 18.5.3. Thermostat TH3 for frost protection

This thermostat ensures the frost protection function of the plate heat exchanger.

The bulb is placed in the exhaust air flow.

| Outdoor temperature < 5 °C | Outdoor temperature > 5 °C |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Open contact               | Closed contact             |

<sup>\*\*</sup>Values for the factory settings of the thermostats to be adapted as required. Maintain a temperature difference of at least 6°C between the 2 thermostats.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>The thermostat placed at the exhaust (TH3) must be set at a temperature ≥ 5 °C.

## 18.6. Connecting and setting external user devices

At any time, the user can check the operating status of the fans and the state of clogging of the supply air filter through the use of 3 pressure switches:

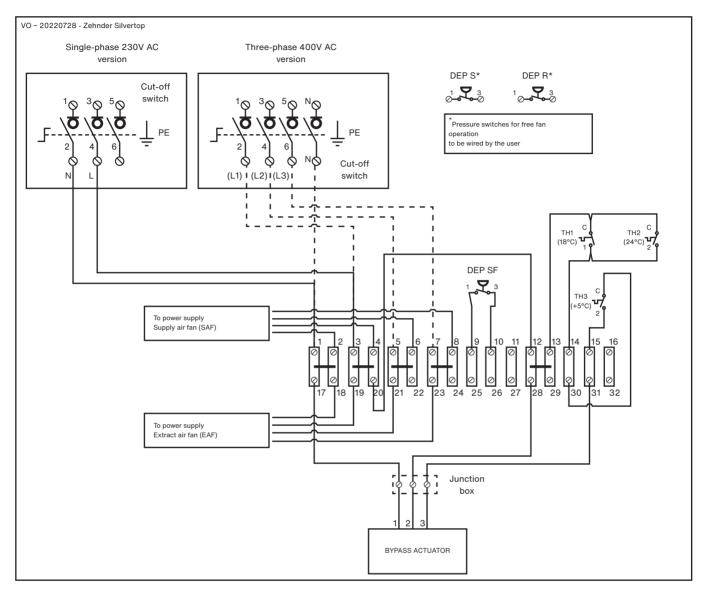
| Device   | Factory setting                        | Electrical connection responsibility of the user                     |
|--|--|--|
| Pressure switch to control the operation of the supply fan (SAF) | 25 Pa                                  | DEP S  1 2 3 The connection is to be made directly to the device.    |
| Pressure switch to control the operation of the extract fan      | 25 Pa                                  | DEP R  |
| Pressure switch for clogging of the intake air filter            | 150 Pa M5 filters<br>200 Pa F7 filters | DEP SF  The connection must be made between terminals (25) and (26). |

#### 18.7. Troubleshooting and maintenance

As the SEASON control system is very simple, the risk of breakdowns is relatively limited and confined to the main components.

| Fault   | Possible causes  |
|---|--|
| The supply air fan is not working   | The 0-10 V control signal potentiometer is in position 0 or is defective (control signal at the motor input below 1 V).  The 0-10 V control signal wire is defective or the signal polarity is reversed.  The power supply wiring is defective.  The motor is defective. |
| The extract air fan is not working  | The 0-10 V control signal potentiometer is in position 0 or is defective (control signal at the motor input below 1 V).  The 0-10 V control signal wire is defective or the signal polarity is reversed.  The power supply wiring is defective.  The motor is defective. |
| The bypass flap is not working (plate heat exchanger) (the unit blows air at a temperature close to the outdoor temperature at low/high outdoor temperatures) | The outdoor temperature is in the range where the bypass is inactive (normal case).  Control thermostats TH1, TH2, TH3 are incorrectly set or defective.  The actuator wiring is defective, the actuator is not powered.  The actuator is defective.                     |

#### 18.8. General SEASON wiring diagram

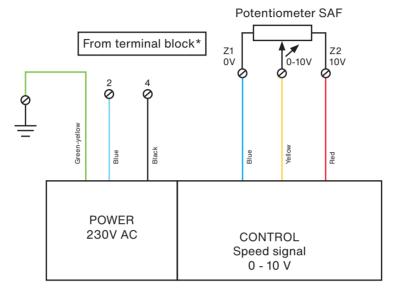


#### Note:

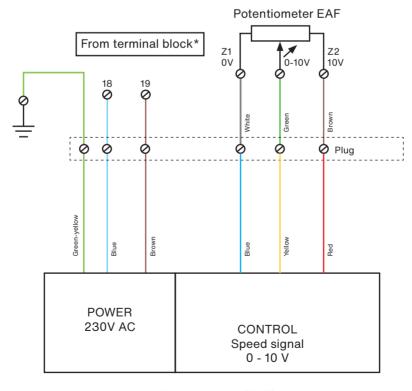
The power supply for the bypass actuator is provided between terminals (1) and (2) of the actuator. When the power is supplied:

- The potential is absent in terminal (3) of the actuator, the actuator is open, the air is diverted from the exchanger and there is no energy recovery
- The potential is present at terminal (3) of the actuator, the actuator is closed, the air flows through the exchanger and energy recovery is active (100%).

## Zehnder Silvertop 06-08 motors



Supply air fan (SAF)

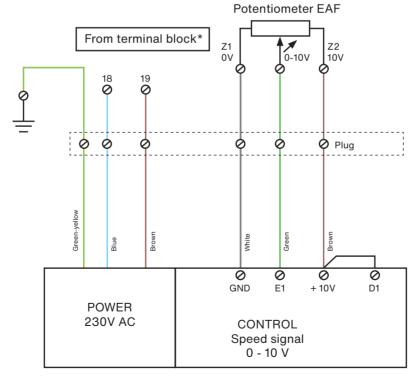


Extract air fan (EAF)

 $<sup>{\</sup>rm ^*Power\ supply\ terminal\ block\ see\ chapter\ 18.3\ Electrical\ compartments\ and\ user\ controls.}$ 

Potentiometer SAF

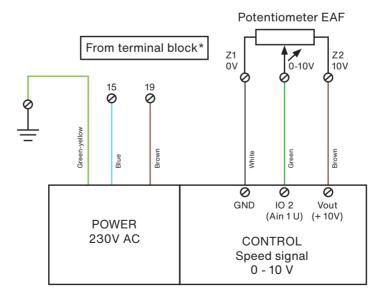




Extract air fan (EAF)

<sup>\*</sup>Power supply terminal block see chapter 18.3 Electrical compartments and user controls.

Supply air fan (SAF)

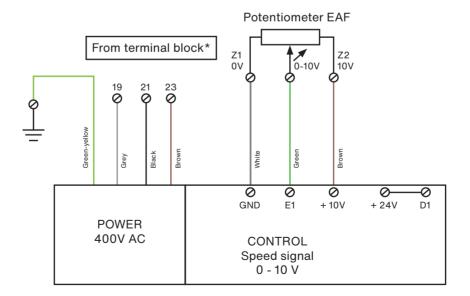


Extract air fan (EAF)

<sup>\*</sup>Power supply terminal block see chapter 18.3 Electrical compartments and user controls.

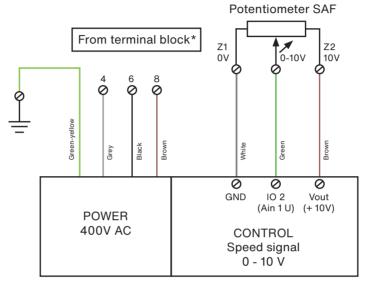
Potentiometer SAF

Supply air fan (SAF)

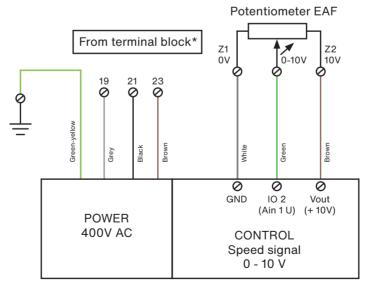


Extract air fan (EAF)

<sup>\*</sup>Power supply terminal block see chapter 18.3 Electrical compartments and user controls.



Supply air fan (SAF)

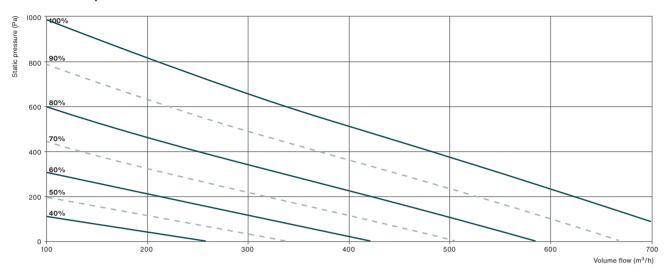


Extract air fan (EAF)

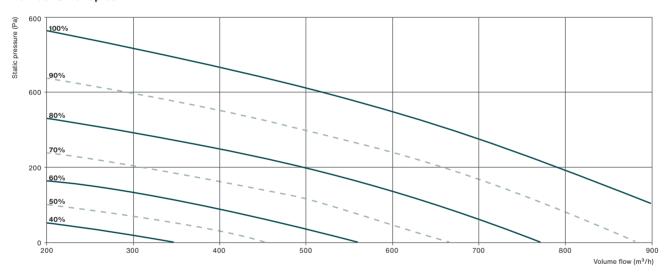
<sup>\*</sup>Power supply terminal block see chapter 18.3 Electrical compartments and user controls.

# 19. Air performance curves

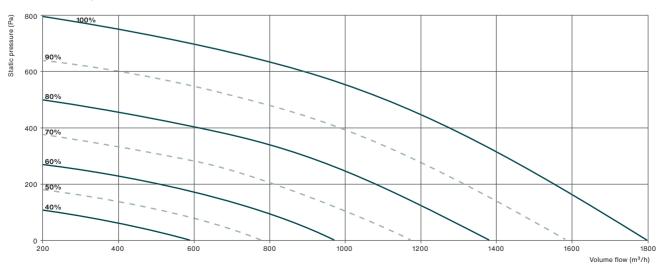
#### Zehnder Silvertop 06



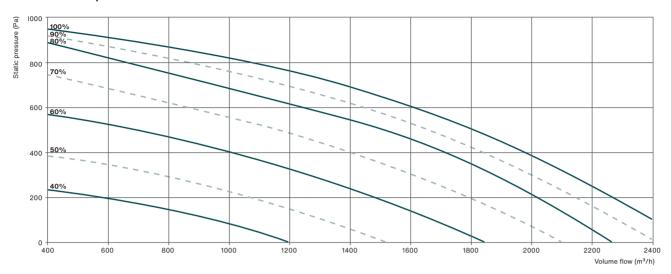
#### Zehnder Silvertop 08



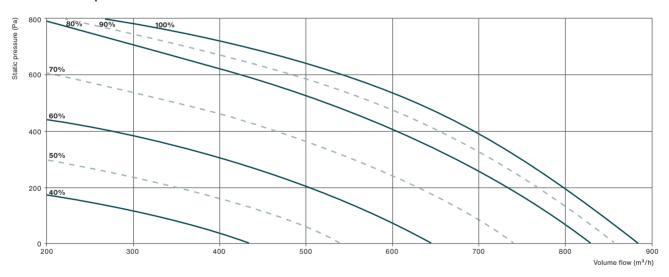
#### **Zehnder Silvertop 15**



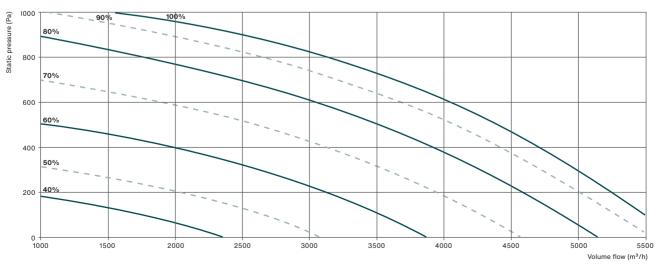
## Zehnder Silvertop 23



## Zehnder Silvertop 35



#### **Zehnder Silvertop 52**

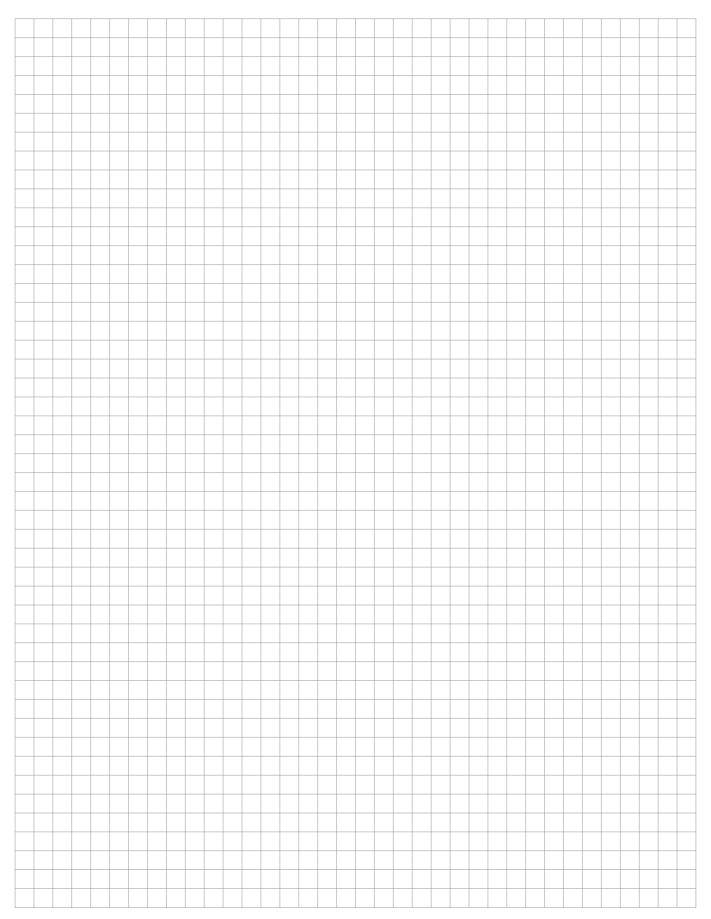


# 20. Commissioning report

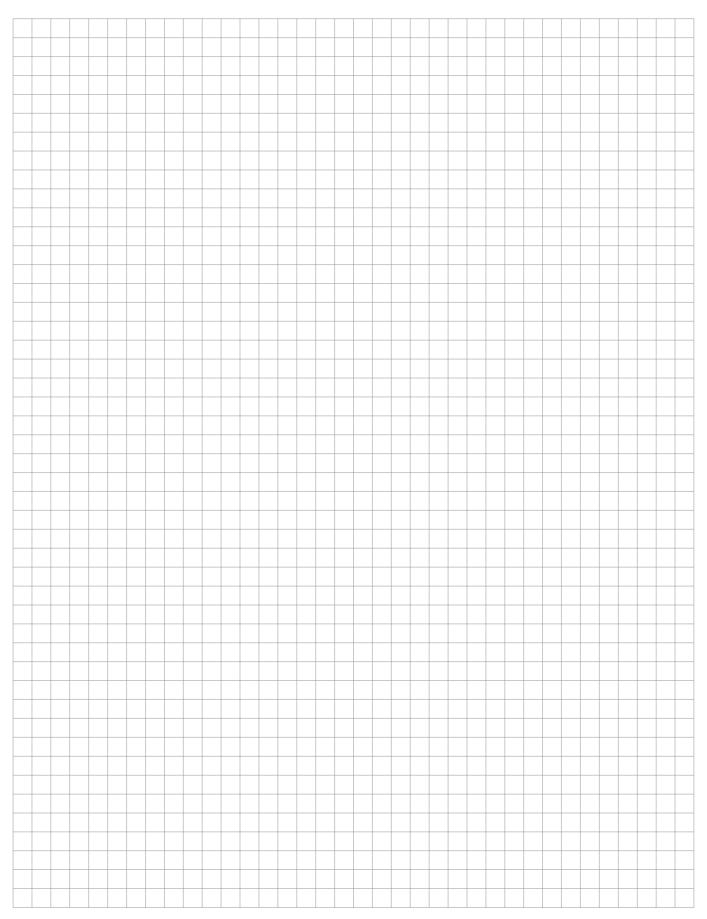
| Site                                       |   |                 |                        |                                  |
|--|---|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Address                                    |   |                 |                        |                                  |
| Date                                       | /   | /·              | Technician / company   |                                  |
| Installation                               |   | Exterior (roof) |                        |                                  |
|  | Interior (equipment room)   |                 |                        |                                  |
| Material reference                         |   |                 |                        |                                  |
| Manufacturing number                       |   |                 |                        |                                  |
| Version                                    | FIRST / SMART / PREMIUM BE / BREMIUM BC / INFINITE BE / INFINITE BC |                 |                        |                                  |
|  | ECO / LOBBY / MAC2 / DIVA / QUATTRO                                 |                 |                        |                                  |
| Supply voltage                             | V AC  |                 |                        |                                  |
| Temperature control mode                   | Constant supply temperature   |                 |                        |                                  |
|  | Constant extract temperature  |                 |                        |                                  |
|  | Supply air temperature law  |                 |                        |                                  |
|  | Extract air temperature law   |                 |                        |                                  |
| Temperature setpoint                       |   |                 |                        |                                  |
| Vantilation actualists                     | Supply  | Reduced operati | on: % / Pa / m³/h      | Reduced operation: % / Pa / m³/h |
| Ventilation setpoints                      | Extract   | Reduced operati | on: % / Pa / m³/h      | Reduced operation: % / Pa / m³/h |
| CO <sub>2</sub> setpoints (DIVA / QUATTRO) | Reduced operation: ppm Reduced operation:                           |                 | Reduced operation: ppm |                                  |

| Date | Person involved | Observations |
|------|-----------------|--------------|
|      |                 |              |
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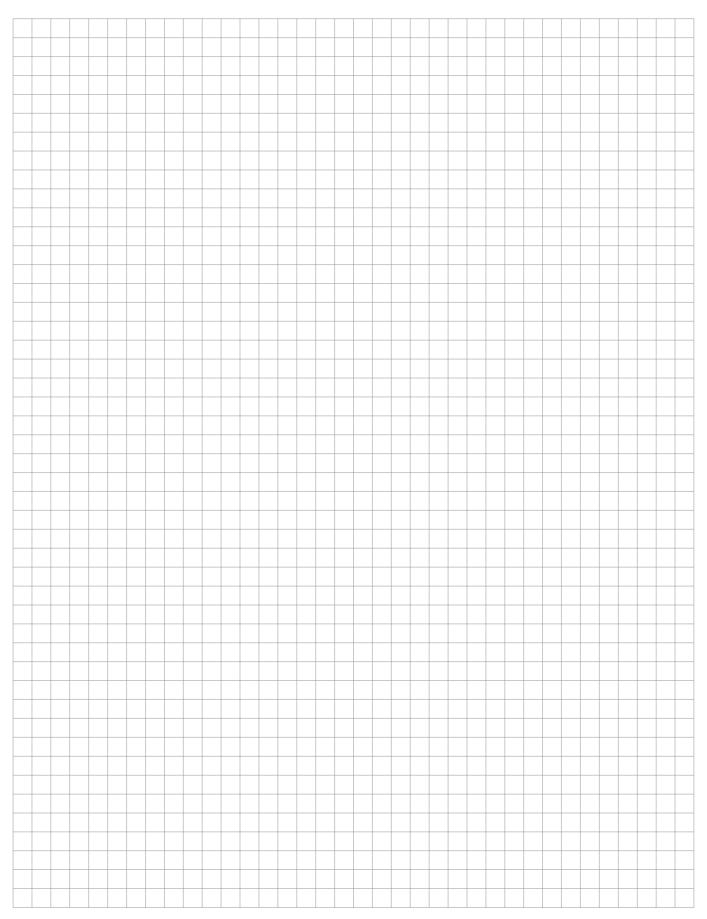
## Notes



## Notes



## Notes







Mâcon Loché, on 29 August 2022

Ref: EU

# **EU-Declaration of conformity**

#### We declare under our sole responsibility that the products

- ECOVOR™ ECOBLUE™ ECONIZER™- NOE™ NOE LOBBY™
- MINIMAX<sup>™</sup> MINIBLUE<sup>™</sup> MINIBLUE LOBBY<sup>™</sup> MAXIPLUS<sup>™</sup> CITYCOOL<sup>™</sup>
- COMBIBOX CONCEPT<sup>™</sup> CMH EVENTYS<sup>™</sup>
- CARMA<sup>™</sup> NEOTIME<sup>™</sup> FREETIME<sup>™</sup> EXAECO<sup>™</sup>- HEXAMOTION<sup>™</sup>- Zehnder Silvertop<sup>™</sup> EVERSKY<sup>™</sup>
- ELECTROPACK<sup>™</sup> AQUAPACK<sup>™</sup> LOBBY<sup>™</sup> SYSTEM TOP<sup>™</sup> SYSTEM DIV<sup>™</sup> WONDEROOM<sup>™</sup>
- CVFMI CVFTI CVFM CVFT
- REFLEX<sup>™</sup> DIABLO<sup>™</sup> PYROSTAR<sup>™</sup> CDF
- EVERKIT ™
- THERMOVER™

## satisfy the provisions of the following applicable Directives and harmonised standards:

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- EMC Directive Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
- RoHS II Directive Directives on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment 2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU
- ErP Directive 2009/125/EC





#### Furthermore, for the products

COMBIBOX CONCEPT™ - CMH - CARMA™ - EXAECO™ - EVENTYS™ - FREETIME™ - NEOTIME™ - HEXAMOTION™ - Zehnder Silvertop™ - THERMOVER™ - EVERKIT™ (Dual flow unit section)

#### the following standards and specifications were applied:

- EN 1886: 2008 Ventilation for buildings. Air handling units.
   Mechanical performance
- EN 13053+A1: 2011 Ventilation for buildings. Air handling units.
   Rating and performance for units, components and sections.
   This declaration is valid only for products installed according to the supplied instructions and having undergone no modification.

vuu [ ]

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Fax: +33 (0)3 85 36 82 01